THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA. TUESDAY. JANUARY 27. 1874. [VOLUME VI---NUMBER 187

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA. JANUA RY 27, 1874

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

MONDAY, January 26, 1874.

Called to order by President Trammell.

Prayer by Rev. C. A. Evans.

RECONSIDERED.

Mr. Reese moved that the Senate reconsider its action on Friday, relative to the bill making juries judges of the law as well as of the facts, discussed by Messrs Reese Kibbee, Simmons, Hudson and Peavey.

Mr. Estes called the previous question. Lost.

Discussion resumed by Messrs Lester, Hillyer, Peavey, De Veaux.

Dr. Matthews called the previous question. Carried.

Motion to reconsider: 23 yeas, 16 nays.

Bill recommitted to Judiciary Committee.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Leave of absence was granted Messrs Black and Cove.

RULES SUSPENDED.

Mr. Winn moved to suspend rules for taking up House resolution inquiring if any matter was being re-printed by the new State Printer at the expense of the State. Rules suspended and resolution taken up and passed.

MESSAGE FROM GOVERNOR,

Stating that he had signed the resolutions congratulatory to the people of Texas.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. Reese, chairman of the Judiciary Committee, reported on various bills.

Mr. Harris, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, reported on the contested election case from the Fortieth Senatorial district.

Mr. Hester reported various bills from the Committee on New Counties.

REPORT ON PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.

The committee report that after an investigation they are satisfied that H. W. Cannon is entitled to his seat in the Senate. Report taken up and adopted.

BILLS READ THIRD TIME.

Mr. Cannon—Relative to change bills of Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Mr. Erwin—To alter and amend section 2291 of the Code.

Mr. Harris—To protect agricultural lands from municipal taxes.

Also, to require the several judges of this State to compensate officers in pursuit of offenders under certain circumstances.

Also, to protect fish in certain waters in this State.

Also, to prevent fire hunting in certain locali ies.

Also, to require the educational Board of Worth county to audit a certain claim.

Mr. Hillyer—To extend the time of recording certain liens.

Also, to repeal an act relative to the sale of kerosene oil in this State.

Mr. Knight—To provide for the speedy sale of all kinds of lands not given in for tax.

Dr. Matthews—For the relief of John Seymour.

Mr. Nichols—To incorporate the South Georgia Navigation Company.

Mr. Payne—To allow A. J. Peeler, of Catoosa, to peddle without license.

Mr. Reese—To amend the charter of the town of Thomson, in McDuffie county.

Also, to incorporate the Summerville Railroad Company.

Mr. Knight—Asking that J. T. Wilson, teacher, of Echols county, be paid certain sums due him from the school fund.

Mr. Gilmore—To authorize the levying of a special tax in Washington county to pay a balance due teachers of indigent children.

BILLS READ SECOND TIME.

Bills read second time and referred to their appropriate committees.

ADJOURN.

Senate adjourned until Tuesday morning 10 o'clock.

HOUSE

House called order by Speaker Bacon.

Prayer by Rev. F. Jacason, representative from Clarke county.

DIRECT TRADE UNION.

On motion of Mr. Butt, the rules were suspended and the bill to incorporate the "Direct Trade Union of the Patrons of Husbandry" taken up, read and referred to the Committee on Direct Trade and Immigration.

READING BILLS SECOND TIME.

On motion of Mr. Dell the rules were suspended and bills were taken up, read the second time and referred to appropriate committees.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. Walsh arose to a personal explanation. THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION having disclaimed any personal reflection upon him, he withdrew all the charges made against that paper and Mr. W. A. Hemphill as fully as they were made, regretting that any necessity arose for his vindication of himself.

DECATUR CONTESTED ELECTION.

Mr. Phillips submitted the majority report of the Committee on Privileges and elections.

We have carfully examined the law and the evidence and we find according to the returns, as certified to by the Secretary of State, that there was cast for

T. A. Swearingen	1,057
A. Nicholson	1,041
L. A. Butts	847
L. L. Butler	841

which gives Swearingen a majority of 210 votes and Nicholson 2 0 votes.

After examining the ballots and the testimony, we are of opinion that Swearingen received 294 illegal votes, and Nicholson 294 illegal votes, and Butts and Butler 31 each, which if subtracted from the aggregate number of votes cast for Swearingen and Nicholson would give Butts a majority of 73 and Butler a majority of 83.

Upon further investigation, we ascertained that the returns from three of the precincts had been rejected by the managers in consolidating the returns, and your committee ordered those returns to be brought up and additional evidence to be taken, which shows the following results:

Swearingen	311 votes.
Nicholson	302 "
Butts	139 "
Butler	196 "

which gives Swearingen a majority of 112 and Nicholson 160 votes.

Your committee further ascertain that there was cast at those respective precincts for Swearingen and Nicholson 86 illegal votes. which, upon being subtracted, reduces Swearingen's majority to 44 and Nicholson's to 80 votes. But on final balance we find that Butts has been elected by 29 majority, and Butler 45 majority, and recommend that L. A. Butts and L. L. Butler be seated in the place of Swearingen and Nicholson. We would state that the illegal votes were cast by electors who had not paid their taxes for the year preceding the election as required by the Constitution and laws of the State.

Mr. Lyon submitted the minority report. After a careful investigation of the facts in this matter, we are satisfied that Swearingen and Nicholson, the present incumbents, are entitled to the contested seats. It appears that Thos. J Jeter, the Tax Collector, signed 540 tax receipts bearing the name, amount and date blank, and that he gave them to nine different men, who were to be at the several precincts with instructions to collect taxes, fill out the receipts and deliver them to the party paying. That on the day of the election 357 of these were so issued to voters, and that this money was paid to the Tax Collector. It appears also, that one of the managers of one of the election precincts issued and collected taxes on 76 receipts of his own as manager, which tax receipts the Tax Collector afterwards recognized as legal. It also appears that those to whom these receipts signed by the collector were given, also collected taxes on that day signing Jeter's name as collector on the receipts, after the Jeter receipts had been exhausted. That said parties had no express authority from the Tax Collector to sign his name, and that these parties issued 126 of such receipts and collected taxes thereon, which receipts have been ratified by the tax collector. That the contestants claim that 150 illegal votes were cast for the members elect for non-payment of taxes in any manner. From the proof offered by the contestants on this point, we think the charge not sustained, since the law says all votes are to be considered legal until the contrary is positively proven.

It appears that Swearingen and Nicholson received a majority of 322 over the contestants, and as from the above facts we find no such number of illegal votes to have been proven as having voted for Swearingen and Nicholson. We think that Swearingen and Nicholson are entitled to the seats occupied by them and should retain them.

Mr. Lyon moved to make it the special order at 11 o'clock on Wednesday next, which prevailed by yeas 70, nays 54.

On motion of Mr. Calhoun 900 copies of both reports were ordered printed for the use of the House.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. Blue—To exempt Glynn county from the provisions of section 3,936 of the Code.

Also, to provide that fines collected from defaulting road hands be paid over to the County Treasurer.

Mr. Teasely—To amend and define section 3,703 of the Code. Defines that County Treasurers receive 2½ cents for receiving and 2½ cents for disbursing public moneys.

Mr. Stewart, of Taylor—To authorize the Mayor and Council of Butler to issue bonds as currency.

Mr. Mills—To amend the act to revive the military code of Georgia; creates the office of Adjutant and Inspector General, with a salary of $1,000 per annum.

Mr. Coleman—To provide for the annual registration of voters in the State, and to require voters to vote in the election precinct in which they are registered.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Leaves of absence were granted Messrs. Candler, Dunlap and Taliaferro.

On motion of Mr. Mercer, the House adjourned until 10 A. M. Tuesday.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

SUNDAY NEWS.

THE LOUISIANA MATTER.

GRANT'S VIEWS ELABORATELY GIVEN—HE SAYS THE LOUISIANA ELECTION WAS A FRAUD, BUT IS AGAINST CONGRESSIONAL INTERFERENCE.

THE CHARACTER OF THE PROPOSED NEW ELECTION BILL.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—Senator Thurman disavows any formal consultation with Messrs. Carpenter and Butler over the new election bill for Louisiana. Neither has the Senator any knowledge of how the Democrats will vote. The proposed bill is similar to Carpenter's of the last session with the reception that, instead of having the election conducted by registers appointed by Judge Wood, it shall be managed by Congressional commission of military officers. The point of weight as to the fate of the bill, is in great doubt, though it is known that the President, if the new election must occur, prefers it should be conducted under Federal executive auspices.

The following may be confidently accepted as reflecting the views of the President on the Louisiana and kindred questions. Numerous paragraphs, telegraph, and otherwise, have recently appeared in the newspapers stating what the President would or would not do in relation to Louisiana and other public matters now attracting general attention, and as if to serve the purposes of those immediately interested in the determination of the pending questions, the President is sometimes represented as expressing views which he certainly does not entertain, and which are contrary to the course he has heretofore pursued. So far as reports prevail of differences with political friends and a disposition to act altogether independently of them, it is known from those having intimate relation with him that they are unfounded. Nor is it probable that any differences are likely to exist, excepting such as may be inseperable from his views. The President may himself take of his constitutional duties and the official responsibility which attaches to his office.

Acting in accordance with the constitutional requirement that the President shall from time to time give Congress information of the state of the Union, he is now engaged in the preparation of a message which he submits to the Cabinet before transmitting to Congress. This message will, according to the present understanding, be confined to a plain but elaborate statement of the facts attending the Federal proceedings in Louisiana, in support of United States judicial decisions which he had no authority to disregard, whatever may have been his own opinion on the political questions offered. It is positively known that the President has not interfered in any way with the Louisiana question relating to seats either in the Senate or House of Representatives. To both parties who have called on him he has repeatedly said that such questions properly belong to Congress, the Constitution making each house the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members, and that the consideration of such questions involves the subject of the legality of the authority under which certificates of elections were issued. So the question necessarily affects the other, and both could at the same time be determined. This in substance is the reply he has unreservedly given to those who have interrogated him on the subject of a bill proposed to be passed by Congress, ordering a new election in Louisiana. He has discouraged such legislation, and while thus opposing Congressional interference he has has had no hesitation in saying to visitors, as he repeated yesterday, there was no doubt that the late election in Louisiana was an organized fraud from beginning to end, for the benefit of those now in possession of the government of that State, and that there has never yet been a fair count of votes, the results having been reached by dishonest means is too well known to be repeated.

It is, therefore, not probable that the President will, in his forthcoming special message, make any recommendation for a new election, his opinion as privately expressed, being that Congress has no right to order a new election in Louisiana than it has in any other State, because of local conflict, all the States now being equal in the in the Union and as much entitled to the general protection from illegal or unconstitutional interference by any branch of the Federal government as they are against invasion or domestic violence. And besides there are means to settle the Louisiana and all kindred cases without resort to congressional action ordering a new election.

THE ALABAMA CASE.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—The Committee on Privileges and Elections will consider the Alabama case, between Senators Spencer and Sykes, to-morrow.

SABBATH SCRAPS.

PENNINGTON, N. J., January 25.—Presbyterian Church burned.

NASHVILLE, January 25.—Maurice Eagan, news agent on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad was shot and killed in a saloon in this city last night by a gambler named Stevens. Stevens was arrested.

COLUMBIA, January 25.—A locomotive on the Greenville Railroad exploded last night, sixty miles above Columbia, killing the engineer, John Lane, and mortally wounding a colored fireman.

KINGSTON, January 25.—A new cable has been laid between Jamica and Porto Rico.

The steamboat Candmamarica, from New Orleans on the 14th, for Baraquilla, is still unheard from.

The British vessel Woodark hurried to Hayti, in consequence of rumors of another revolution there.

MARINE.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Arrived—Gen. Barnes, Herder, Anglia, Mosel

GALVESTON, January 25.—Arrived—Argonant.

LONDON, January 25.—Arrived at Liverpool—Ships Henry, Pelham, New Orleans; barks Edward, McDowell.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

ENGLISH PARLIAMENT MEETS IN MARCH—CARLIST SUCCESSES REPORTED IN SPAIN.

LONDON, January 25.—The new parliament meets the 5th of March.

Adam Black is dead.

MADRID, January 25.—Admiral Topete returned from Cartagena and resumed the duties of Minister of Marine.

The publication of the Ignolidad newspaper has again been suspended for one month.

BAYONNE, January 25.—The Carlists report that Santander and Portugnali have surrendered unconditionally to their forces on the 23d inst, and that the entire Segobia battalion and a number of artillery men and engineers, twelve hundred Remington and 400 minie rifles and two cannon fell into their hands.

MONDAY'S NOON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—A large number of bills were introduced and read.

The Senate Committee on Contingent Expenses was instructed to inquire as to the expediency of prohibiting the stationer at the Capitol from furnishing any article of stationery to Senators except paper, pens, pencils, ink, envelopes and mucilage.

Neither a message or bill touching the Louisiana case comes in to-day. A message will come in to morrow, and bill will probably follow.

CHICAGO, January 26.—At the second quinquen nial session to day of the Constitutional Grand Lodge of the Bnai Berith of the United States there were one hundred and fifty-nine delegates present. Senor Kerch, of Washington, D. C., was elected President, with a Vice-President from each district.

J. S. Isaacs and A. T. Jobas, of Philadelphia, and Louis Abler, of Washington, were elected Secretaries.

Reports show a flourishing condition, having doubled the number of lodges and membership since the last convention.

A beautiful maltese cross of gold covered with emblems of the order was presented to Mr. Frankland of Memphis in recognition to his heroic conduct in administering to the wants of the brethren in the late yellow fever epidemic in that city. A resolution of sorrow for the loss of their brethren of the South who had fallen during the epidemic and sympathy for their surviving friends and relations was adopted.

BOSTON, January 26—The schooner Franklin Rogers Chatham for Boston capsized, and the Captain and two of the crew were lost.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Forged certified checks on the First National Bank, signed by H. H. Winship, are now circulating. The forger is now operating in the West, having made the tour from Maine.

LONDON, January 26.—Dr. Livingston died in the interior Africa of dysentery.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 26—Cotton dull and irregular; uplands 15 7-8; Orleans 16¼; sales 638 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened as follows: January, 14 7-8a15. February 14 7 8a14 15-16. March, 15 1-2a15 5-8. April, 15 15-16a16. May, 16 5-16a16 3-8. June, 16 11-16a16 13-16. July, 17¼.

Flour firm. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn dull and unchanged. Pork firm; mess $16. Lard firm; steam 9 11-16. Turpentine quiet at 48 1-2 Rosin firm at $3 60a2 65 for strained. Freights firm

Gold opened at 11¼ and closed at 11¼ Stocks active. Money 5. Exchange—long $4 83 1-2, short $4 87. Governmen's strong. State bonds quiet and steady.

Arrived out—Canada, Hammonia and Havana.

Departed homeward—Theamdeon.

LONDON, January 26.—Consols 92a92 1-8; Erie 49 1-4a49 3 4.

LIVERPOOL, January 26.—Cotton heavy; uplands 7 7-8a8; Orleans 8 3-8a8 1-2; sales 10,000, including 2,000 for speculation and export.

Sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped in January and February, 7 1-16; do. shipped in February and March, 7 7-8; do. deliverable in January, 7 13-16.

Later—Sales include 7,600 bales American; sales of Orleans, nothing below good ordinary, shipped in December and January, 8 1-16; do. shipped in January and February, 8 1-16.

Breadstuffs quiet. Bacon 40 for long clear middles; 41 for short clear middles. Tallow 38s 6d.

MARKET REPORTS OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, January 26, 1874.

Cotton weak at 13½a18 3-4.

Corn—sacked car, $1.

Wheat—white $1 75a2; amber $1 75a1 90; red $1 75a1 80.

Wheat Bran $1 25a1 50.

Oats—mixed 72 1 2a75; seed 80.

Rye—None in market.

Barley seed—None in market.

Corn meal 95a$1.

Grits $6 50 per barrel.

Flour—Super $5 50a7 00; extra $7 50a8 25; family $9a9 50; extra family $9 50a10 25; fancy $11a11 50.

Hay—Timothy $1 50a1 75. Clover $1 90a1 50; Tennessee $1 25a1 40.

Coal—car, 35a40.

Lime—40a50.

Cement—$3 35a3 50.

Bacon—clear sides 10; clear rib sides 9 8-4, shoulders 8 1-2.

Bulk—Dry salt clear sides 9 3-4; clear rib sides 9 1-2; shoulders 8.

Hams—sugar-coated 13 12-15; bulk 11a11 1-2.

Lard—Steam tierces 11a11 1-2; kegs 11a11 1-2; cans 10a11 1-2; buckets 13.

Sheeting, etc—4-4 brown sheeting 11; 7-8; brown shirting 9 1-2; 3-4 brown shirting 7 1-2.

Cotton Yarn $1 40.

Coffee—Rio 32a35c; LaGuyra 32a35; Java 40a45; Mocha 45.

Demerara 12a13.

Iron Ties—9 1-2c per lb.

Bagging—2lbs. 14 -2; 2 1-8 lbs. 15; 2 1-4 lbs. 15 1-2. Gunny 19 1-2

Candles—18 1-2 per lb.

Cheese 16a18 per lb.

Hogs—6 cents gross.

Beef Cattle—3a3 3-4.

Nails $5 50a6 00.

Soap, per box, $3 75a4 40.

Field peas $1 25.

Molasses—35a37 1-2c.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Daniel F. Hill, a bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three successive weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Daniel F. Hill, of Fulton county, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

EDWARD P. HOGE, Assignee,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan1-d1aw3w

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Ann E. Lowry, a Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Ann E. Lowry, of Habersham county, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon her own petition by the District Court for said District.

WILLIAM F. MILLER, Assignee,
Clarkesville, Ga.

jan18—law3w

THIS unrivalled Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will Cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver.

THE SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Side or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternatively costive and lax; Headache; Loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility, Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption. Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue

This Great Unfailing SPECIFIC will no be found the Least Unpleasant.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn &c. & &c.

Simmons' Liver Regulator or Medicine.

Is the Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., AND PHILADELPHIA.

Price 1 00. Sold by all Druggists.

d&w13—deod&wlyr (first-page t-c-nr-m)

IN the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in the matter of Richard L. Haynes, Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week, for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Richard L. Haynes, of Milton county, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court for said District.

OLIVER S. SKILLIN, Assignee,
Alpharetta, Ga.

jan1-d1aw3w

IN the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in the matter Henry D. Law, a bankrupt—in Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Henry D. Law, of Atlanta, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court for said district.

HENRY R. S. DUCK, Assignee,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan'8—law3w

DR. S. G HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta Georgia, has permanently located at No. 46 Whitehall street, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

jan11-tf

H. H. POPE has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, on the 15th day of December, 1873, at my office. This December 3, 1873.

L. B. GRIGGS, Ordinary.

dec5—w2w printer's fee $2

Francis Thomas vs William Thomas. Libel for Divorce. Fall Term, 1873, Fulton Superior Court.

It appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that the Defendant in the above stated case, William Thomas, does not reside in Fulton county, and it further appearing that he resides beyond the limits of this State, it is ordered by the Court that service be perfected on said defendant as prescribed by law, by publication in the Constitution, a public gazette of the city of Atlanta, for four months.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court, November 24, 1874.

W. H. VANABLE, D. C.

dec6—4m4m6m printer's fee $5

IN the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in the matter of Henry D. Lane, Bankrupt—in Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Henry D. Lane, of Atlanta, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.

HENRY R. S. DUCK, Assignee,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan1-d1aw3w

U. S. Marshal's Sales.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United states, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff's in the following case, to wit:

Baskerville, Sherman & Co., versus Patrick H. Wade and Chapley B. Wellborn.

I have levied upon, as the property of C. B. Wellborn, land lying in the fourteenth (14th) district of original Henry now Fulton county, known in the plan of said district as part of land lot number 144, bounded as follows: beginning at the northeast corner of said lot of land and running south with the original line of said lot of land to the southeast corner of the same, thence along the line of said lot west ten hundred and seventy-four feet (1,074) to Proctor's creek, thence down along the line of said creek to a corner in the old mill dam, thence north six hundred fees (630) to a corner, thence west six hundred and thirty-six (636) feet to a corner, thence north eighteen hundred and seventy-two (18,2) feet to a corner on the original land line, thence east thirteen hundred and sixty-six (1366) feet, to the beginning corner.

Also, a small lot bought subsequently by the defendant and added to said farm and adjoining the same, being a subdivisional fraction of said lot No. one hundred and forty-four (144) bounded as follows: commencing at a stake corner on the bank of Proctor's Creek, and running with the original land lot line west six hundred and sixty-three fees (663) to a stake corner; thence in a northerly direction seventeen hundred and twenty (1720) feet to a stake corner on the bank of Proctor's Creek; thence running up Proctor's Creek with its meandering to the original starting point, containing fifteen 3 10 acres, more or less, known in the plan of subdivision as fraction No 1., and will sell the same at public auction, at he Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February next, between the lawful hours of sale. Property pointed out by plaintiffs attorneys.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, January 5th, 1874.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
United States Marshal.

jan6d1aw5w

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of James W. Jackson, a bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of James W. Jackson, of Gordon county, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court for said district.

THOMAS C. MILNER, Assignee,
Calhoun, Ga.

jan13—d1aw3w

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of D. W. Bromley & Co., bankrupts—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of D. W. Bromley & Co., of Atlanta, in said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their creditors' petition by the District Court for said district.

AUGUSTUS D. ADAIR, Assignee,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan13—d1aw3w

IN the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in the matter of James J. Christian, Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of James J. Christian, of Clayton county, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court for said District.

JAMES T. SPENCE, Assignee,
Jonesboro, Ga.

jan1-d1aw3w

Southern Female College,

LaGRANGE, Ga.

THIS INSTITUTION, with a corps of eight thorough teachers,

Resumes Exercises the 21st Inst

The facilities in all departments are of the highes order.

BOARD PER ANNUM $150.

Tuition, Literary or Musical, $60. For catalogues address

jn 8-d1w&wit L. F. COX, Pres.

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BY E. MAJORS,
EATON..... GEORGIA

He pledges himself his House will be kept in the first style, and on moderate terms. 2 nov2-dly

Madison House
MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Patrons of the House who will take care of baggage. Terms all reasonable. FISH & MORGAN,
apr16—dly Proprietors.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,
At Smithville, Georgia,
IS KEPT in the most modern style. The House

Judson's Marble Works,
ATLANTA, GA.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Italian and American Marble,
Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.

Office and works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H. Jones & Co's. Safe and Lock Store.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

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Address H. H. JUDSON,
Atlanta, Ga.

EDWARD PARSONS,

Fourth Grand Gift Concert
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Public Library of Kentucky.
OVER A MILLION IN BANK!
Success Assured!
A Full Drawing Certain
On Tuesday, 31st March, Next.

IN order to meet the general wish and expectation of the public and the ticket holders for the full payment of the magnificent gifts announced for the Fourth Grand Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, the management have determined to postpone the Concert and Drawing until

TUESDAY, the 31st of March, 1874.

They have already realised

OVER A MILLION DOLLARS,

And have a great many agents yet to hear from.

NO DOUBT IS ENTERTAINED OF THE SALE OF EVERY TICKET BEFORE THE DRAWING, BUT WHETHER ALL ARE SOLD OR NOT THE CONCERT AND DRAWING WILL POSITIVELY AND UNEQUIVOCALLY TAKE PLACE ON THE DAY NOW FIXED, AND IF ANY REMAIN UNSOLD THEY WILL BE CANCELLED AND THE PRIZES WILL BE REDUCED IN PROPORTION TO THE UNSOLD TICKETS.

Only 60,000 tickets have been issued and

12,000 Cash Gifts,

$1,500,000

will be distributed among the ticket holders.

The tickets are issued in coupons of tenths, and all fractional parts will be represented in the drawing just as whole tickets are.

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT			$10,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT			100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT			50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT			25,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT			17,500
10 CASH GIFTS	$10,000	each	100,000
20 CASH GIFTS	5,000	each	150,000
50 CASH GIFTS	1,000	each	50,000
80 CASH GIFTS	500	each	40,000
100 CASH GIFTS	400	each	40,000
150 CASH GIFTS	00	each	45,000
200 CASH GIFTS	100	each	20,000
325 CASH GIFTS	100	each	32,50
11,000 CASH GIFTS	50	each	550,000
TOTAL, 12,000 GIFTS, ALL CASH, amounting to			$1,500,000

The chances for a gift are one to five.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50 00; Halves $25 00; Tenths, or each coupon $5 00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500 00; $2½ Tickets for $1,000 00; 113 Whole Tickets for $5,000 00; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000 00 No discount on less than $500 00 worth of Tickets.

The Fourth Gift Concert will be conducted, in all respects, like the three which have already been given, and full particulars may be learned from circulars which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.

Orders for tickets and applications for agencies, will be attended to in the Order they are received, and it is hoped they will be sent in promptly that there may be no disappointment or delay in filling all. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again. All Agents are peremptorily required to settle up their accounts and return all unsold tickets by the 20th day of March.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Publ. Libr. Ky. and Manager Gift Concert,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

For tickets and information apply to Redwine & Fox, Druggists, Sole Agents, Atlanta, Georgia.

dec 13-d mon & thurs w sow

"St. Nicholas" and "Our Young Folks."

THE publishers of ST. NICHOLAS, SCRIBNER'S ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE for Girls and Boys, take pleasure in announcing that by an arrangement with Messrs. J. R. Osgood & Co., their popular Magazine

"Our Young Folks"

HAS BEEN MERGED IN "ST. NICHOLAS"

In addition to the striking novelties and great literary and artistic attractions already offered by "ST. NICHOLAS," THE BEST FEATURES OF "OUR YOUNG FOLKS" will be retained. "ST NICHOLAS" HAS BEEN ENLARGED, new contributions have been secured: among them

A SERIAL STORY BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE

Late Editor of "Our Young Folks," which begins in the present number. Other eminent writers well known to the readers of "Our Young Folks," have been engaged. We are thus enabled to present to the public a Magazine for Children and Youth, superior in every respect to any ever before published.

Three Splendid Serial Stories:

"WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN EXPECTED,"

A Story for Boys,
By FRANK R. STOCKTON,
Author of "Ting-a-Ling," "Roundabout Ramble," etc. Mr. Stockton is one of the best of our American Writers. The scene of the story is laid in Virginia. The boy-hero has started out with a gun on his shoulder, and we may be sure there will be no end of fun and adventures.

"NIMPO'S TROUBLES,"

A Story for Girls,
By OLIVE THORNE (Mrs. Harriet M. Miller,)

A great favorite with the children. It is a good, strong, wholesome story of girl life, and will be full of interest for both boys and girls.

"FAST FRIENDS,"

By J. T. TROWBRIDGE,

One of the most popular writers for young folks in America. Readers of "Jack Hazard," "A Chance for Himself," and "Doing his Best," will understand what a capital treat is in store for them in Mr. Trowbridge's new story. All these Stories will be

Splendidly Illustrated.

"JIMMYJOHN STORIES,"

By Mrs. ABY MORTON DIAZ,

Author of "The William Henry Letters," "William Henry and his Friends," and "Lucy Maria" (who has the rare and happy gift of knowing how to delight young people,) will appear during the year. There will also be Shorter Stories, Papers on Science and History, Natural History, Wild Sports and Adventures, Sketches of Travel, Fairy Tales, Poems, Puzzles, Charades, Jingles, Fun and Fancy, Instruction, Entertainment and Delight. Something for all, from Father and Mother to the Baby. The Illustrations will be the best that the Artists of two continents can supply, and will be printed with the greatest care.

FOR VERY LITTLE FOLKS.

Our pages in big type and easy words for the youngest readers, which have been "a hit" from the first, will be continued. The children will be glad to know also, that the department of

JACK-IN-THE-PULPIT

is to be a permanent feature of the magazine. Jack will tell some of the most curious things ever heard, and make himself generally entertaining.

We have understaken to make the best magazine possible, for the little folks, as well as those who are older. Every number of St. Nicholas will contain good reading matter for boys and girls of all ages besides a great deal of hearty and innocent fun.

Christmas comes but once a year, but St. Nicholas, the new magazine for girls and boys, comes every month. It has already won the hearts of the young folks, and the little Children are Crying for St. Nicholas.

WE WANT 100,000

Children and Youth Made Happy

BY ST. NICHOLAS AT THE HOLIDAYS.

St Nicholas, as enlarged, contains one-third more matter than Our Young Folks, thus giving a great variety for all. With its great Literary and Pictorial Attractions, and its beautiful Printing, it will be found to be the Cheapest Magazine in the World.

Subscription Price, $3 a year. The back numbers for November and December, 1873, will be sent to all subscribers for 1874, without additional charge. Four Months for ONE DOLLAR; twenty-five cents a Number. For sale and subscriptions received by all Booksellers and News Dealers on the most favorable terms.

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IN VALUABLE GIFTS!
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

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ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIFTH
REGULAR MONTHLY GIFT ENTERPRISE
TO BE DRAWN MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23D, 1874.

TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF
$5000 Each in Greenbacks

TWO PRIZES $1,000 EACH IN GREENBACKS!
Five Prizes $500 Each in Greenbacks!
Ten Prizes $100 Each in Greenbacks
ONE HORSE AND BUGGY, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600.
ONE FINE TONED ROSEWOOD PIANO, Worth $350.

Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each.
Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each.
Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each.
1,000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $300 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, etc., etc.

Number of Gifts 7,501! Tickets limited to 75,000.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 950.

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PALMETTO HOUSE,
Spartanburg, C. H. S. C.

Located near center of the city. Renovated and new

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A. TOLERSON,
Proprietor

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MADISON SQUARE HOUSE,
Broadway and Twenty-First Street
New York.
S. E. CRITTENDEN, PROPRIETOR,
(Late Proprietor of the Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.)

Transient Board Four Dollars per Day.

Special Arrangements made for Board with Families from the South who wish to spend a few weeks in the city.

This Hotel is located in the most central part of the city. Several lines of street cars and stages continually passing the door, makes it desirable for parties business or pleasure.

The Proprietor is desirous of making this Hotel for his Southern friends.

Gainesville and Dahlonega
HACK LINE.

LEAVES Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Good Hacks and careful drivers will always

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1874.

Brevities.

Gen. R. A. Wise is reported to be very sick at his home in Richmond.

Ralph Gath Townsend is his name—he weighs ten pounds—and "Gath" is happy.

Literary activity in England last year resulted in the production of 8,461 new books and pamphlets.

Miss Harriet Augusta Smith, of Wisconsin, is added to the list of heroic women who have shot a bear.

Judge Hall, late of the United States District Court of Delaware, is in fine health for a retired veteran of 94.

Don Piatt is announced as having nearly completed a moral drama for Clara Morris, the emotional actress.

A Catawissa couple, named Brobst, celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage on New Year's Day.

Governor Richard Coke, of Texas, and Colonel D. U. Gaines, of the House of Delegates of that State, are both natives of Williamsburg, Va., and graduates of William and Mary College.

The New York Herald staff is divided into "Our African Explorer," "Our Paris Commissioner," "Our London Ambassador," etc. The "Explorer" and the "London Ambassador" write at the same table. The "Paris Commissioner" lives in Brooklyn.

General Grant thinks the Republican party has too much dead weight to carry, and that it is time to lighten the ship; whereupon the Boston Post mildly suggests that "he should jump off."

Mark Twain and Dudley Warner's Gilded Age is not considered a literary success. In their combined effort each seems to have been weighed down by the other. Twain's admirers say Warner hampered him, and Warner's friends declare that he was ruined by Twain.

There is a darkey in Chicago, who, in giving personal information for the city directory, described his occupation as that of a colporteur. Being unable to substantiate this when questioned, he finally said: "Well, den, a man so color what does white wash in."

M. H. B., of the St. Louis Republican, jocosely proposes to the Danbury News man to emulate Mark Twain and Mr. Warner, and build a novel. "You are strong on domestic old scripture," says she, "pile in the sin vs pieces and flo'ir bar els. I am the champion guesser; will introduce lots of gush."

The Glasgow (Ky.) Times is responsible for the following: "An old darkey was riding a blind horse the other day with his wife behind him; a fellow on the roadside sang out, 'Hello, old fellow, I see you have got your family up.' Yes, I've done more'n dat—I've strapped the hull of 'em and the old sportsman, with a clever grin."

Sunset Cox hit the nail on the head, when he told the House that the growth of the newspaper had dwarfed the importance of the right of petition: the people were coming more and more to see in the newspaper the most convenient channel for bringing their wishes and grievances to the notice of the lawmakers.

California is doing an immense business in fruit. The city of Sacramento alone shipped $750,000 worth of fruit during the season; one firm shipped 2,048 tons of fruit, 30 tons of vegetables, 40 tons of preserved fruit, 30 tons of dried fruit. The business of drying fruit and canning, both for home consumption and the Eastern markets, is carried on very extensively in San Francisco.

Caleb Cushing has decided to go to Madrid, and his brother has arrived in Washington from Newburyport to aid him in settling up his business. William E. Chandler, formerly assistant Secretary of the Treasury, is to manage the law cases, which are enormous, and it is estimated that he will sacrifice at least $5,000 of fees if he is absent a year. He will leave his library at "Cedarland," his estate in Virginia, about five miles from Washington.

Speaking of Major Morgan, whose funeral took place on Monday, the Springfield Republican says: "Every one had a story to tell of personal experience of his kindliness, his thoughtfulness of others. But no thing concentrates more completely the essence of his life than one of his own thinking as also he was dying. 'Well,' he slowly muttered, 'who will let the boys into the circus, now I am gone?'"

One who had the reputation of being a great philosopher, an experienced man of the world, a profound thinker and an acute observer, with a deep insight into human nature, has left on record the expression of his firm conviction that no man, however gifted however unfortunate in his domestic relations, however successful in his public undertakings, can be pronounced happy—whose trousers bag at the knees.—*Punch.*

The cost of the Tichborne trial will not exceed $1,500,000, which will be a very pretty little bill for the amusement John Bull has had out of the claimant. The trial has taken the whole time of three judges for more than a year, the government has paid the expenses of the claimant's witnesses, as well as its own, enormous fees to several lawyers, and the cost of several commissions sent to this country and Australia. The end is expected in February.

Married.—Bee—Hive—On the 5th inst, by Rev. M —, H. W Bee and miss Susan B. Hive.

How busy has this little bee
Improved life's shining hour,
It ran hits honey now all day
From one sweet chosen flower,
And from this Hive, if Heaven pleases,
They'll raise a swarm of little bees.

[*Lyndon Union.*

The Washington Star says: "A lady and gentleman were in the Vice President's room in the Senate the other day looking at the large portrait of Washington which adorns the wall, when the lady said: 'Do you know why Washington compressed his lips so?' 'No; I confess I do not,' replied the gentleman. 'It was because,' said the lady, 'he had an imperfect set of false teeth which he could keep in his mouth only by tightly compressing his lips.' 'I never heard that he had false teeth before,' said the gentleman. 'Neither did I until the other day,' replied the lady, 'when I learned it from the best authority he had.'"

Mrs. Attorney General Williams is a sensation this winter. Tall and stout, with a clear full skin, black hair and eyes, she has been in every sense a brilliant woman; moreover, she knows thoroughly how to dress herself so as to heighten the effect; having studied her own style, she affected the Spanish somewhat, and she was quite right; she looked like a queen, albeit an Oriental queen. On Wednesday, standing in the vast space of her elegant new mansion in a tasteless dress of cherry and gray, she nevertheless looked dowdy and blase; she seemed nervous and distant, and she looked the old time never failing exquisite brilliancy. We said to one another, Mrs. Williams is a woman, after all, and not personified ambition, as it had seemed sometimes. Her house looked like concrete ambition truly; the drawing room large enough for a Presidential mansion (or the house of a Chief Justice, perhaps,) and twice the elegance of the East Room.

There is a great deal of "street" gossip about Commodore Vanderbilt and his railway sale-prices. The substance of it is that he is about to retire to private life, and to give up his vast business enterprises to the management of younger men. For the presidency of the Lake Shore Company the name of Emerson Stone is spoken of as the Commodore's choice. Mr. Stone is a Western man, and but little known in Wall or Broad street; but there is nothing in that fact which he should be ashamed of. He has made a fortune in the manufacture of railway cars at the West, and if he obtains control of Lake Shore, the presumption is he will find a new and very profitable market for his wares. The commodore's early relinquishment of Central and Hudson is included among the events that are thus casting their shadows before them.

The quadrangular fight for the next Presidency between Grant, Blaine, Morton and Conkling has been precipitated by the Chief Justice affair, and cannot fail to lead soon to some interesting and important developments. It is quite evident that Conkling's refusal to become Chief Justice was founded upon his hope of securing the nomination for the Presidency in 1876 by means of the Administration wing, and that this refusal has excited Morton's jealousy. Grant is trying his best to hold the bottle impartially for both the favorites, but in vain; and Blaine is in the ring, arranging his line of battle as if there were no such thing as a Credit Mobilier or a salary grab. If Conkling and Morton are foolish enough to fight their own battle first, next year the survivor will have to lead Grant's forces to a very uncertain battle with Blaine's disciplined army. The sole danger to the Democracy in these contingencies is that the vanquished may desert to us and demand conditions.

Blopheim Mail.

This story will be continued in next Sunday's paper. It read "concluded" and not "continued" in the editorial notice Sunday.

☞ A New York paper says that Caleb Cushing has decided to go as United States Minister to Spain. But he does it at a sacrifice of some $50,000 law fees.

The Mexican War Veterans.

Our midnight Washington news informs us that a bill has been introduced in Congress to pension the Mexican war veterans.

Bankruptcy.

Among the important amendments reported by the Judiciary Committee of the United States to the bankrupt law, according to our telegrams, is one reducing the per centage of payment of debts necessary to a discharge from 50 to 33 per cent.

This really makes the bankrupt law a better thing for the debtors than it now is.

English Matters.

The Gladstone ministry having confessed its want of strength in parliament and dissolved that body, appealing to the country in a new political deal. Disraeli, the leader of the opposition, has signalized the opening of the campaign by a bold arraignment of the Glads one administration.

The text of his arraignment will be found in our midnight dispatches.

A Beautiful Poem.

We publish in our poet's corner a most beautiful tribute to the Hon. A. H. Stephens. It is *poetry*, and of a high order. The author, Mrs. Catherine A. Warfield, is known as the writer of the "Household of Bouverie," one of the most popular stories of the day. She was born in Mississippi, is now residing, we believe, in Kentucky, and is a Southern author, of whom our people are justly proud.

Pinchbeck.

Verily, Pinchbeck must have told some very rascally things to Morton to make that unscrupulous Radical champion repudiate him.

Our telegraphic news contains an item that Morton made a public statement against Pinchbeck in the Senate yesterday.

This action of Morton is said to be based on confessions of Pinchbeck himself.

The Amends Honorable.

By reference to the Legislative proceedings it will be seen that the Hon. Patrick Walsh rose to a personal explanation yesterday, making a withdrawal *in toto* of the charges and reflections made by him against THE CONSTITUTION and Mr. Hemphill. This was done entirely at his own instance, and is accepted in the praiseworthy spirit that dictated it.

☞ Mrs. Chief Justice Waite is described as a handsome, stylish woman, decidedly aristocratic in her tastes, fond of society, in which she has always been a distinguished leader. She is imperious in her manner, exacting in her relations with those who presume to cultivate her acquaintance, and will assert the dignity of the first lady of the land in a manner that may dazzle modern society in Washington.

Increased Facilities.

The heavily increased circulation of THE CONSTITUTION rendering increased facilities absolutely essential for its accommodation, we have purchased the finest mailing machine in the market, and shall have it in operation in a few days. Other facilities are also on their way from New York, which will secure the utmost speed and regularity in sending out THE CONSTITUTION from this office to our thousands of subscribers in this and adjoining States.

To Local Agents.

We offer some splendid inducements to local agents for subscribers. They will please correspond with us to ascertain terms; also any who may wish to become local agents. By reference to our second District advertisement in another column, it will be seen that our leading premium will reach nearly *four thousand dollars*, without change in any respect. Subscribers are coming in and cards are being sent out. We have demonstrated to the people that we carry out to the letter our published programme. Subscribe at once.

The Penitentiary Convicts.

What is to be done with them is a grave question for the Legislature. It will be remembered that last year some proposition was mooted as to the purchase by the State of Stone Mountain for the Penitentiary. It was asserted that it could be purchased upon reasonable terms, that the convicts could be remuneratively employed upon the rock quarries, and that sufficient land for a farm was also connected with the property. It would perhaps be well for the Legislature to appoint a committee to examine the matter, and report the facts for consideration.

☞ The Georgia Legislature recently adopted a series of joint resolutions condemning the Civil rights bill now Congress. The resolutions announce that the measure, if adopted, will break up the public school system, as all appropriations for the same will be withheld by the Legislature. That is precisely what the Radicals are driving at. They want the Georgia Legislature, and every other Southern Legislature, to take exactly that course, and then they will step in with their bold scheme of National education, which will give them another batch of officeholders to appoint, and will be another step on the dangerous road to centralization.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

What Next.

Our telegraphic column communicates the solemnly intelligence that dear old Massachusetts, that truly good mother of the abolitionists, that saintly land of prohibition of drunks, that venerable hot-bed of such Christian statesmen as Oakes Ames and Beast Butler, hath had the extraordinary providential visitation of a slight earthquake shock.

We have no words adequate to express the the titillation of our sensibilities over this terrific news. That diloyal Carolina should be spared the stunning blow, and that the celestial Massachusetts should be chosen for the shake falls mournfully upon a startled world.

That those holy pastures of the Puritanic commonwealth should be scrunched under the rude handling of a cantankerous earthquake, is one of those horrible facts that disgruntle the average thinker like a-a-a-s. Well, that's all.

Usury.

"The most ardent supporters of the bill to re-enact the usury law are the banks and bankers. Why is this thus?"—*Atlanta Cor. Macon Telegraph.*

Why, it is to the advantage of the banks to have a usury law. It makes money scarce and interest high. Men dare not plead usury against a bank, and therefore the usury law is practically inoperative against banks. A man who dared to plead usury to a bank accommodation would be forever dead in his credit. But no such results follow the pleading of usury against the private lender. Usury drives the private capitalist from the market, while it does not affect the banks. The scarcer money is the more interest the bank can get.

The natural friend of the usury law is the banker. We are in this fight for the people, and not for the banks. We want free money.

The Bibb Members.

A correspondent of the Macon Telegraph says these kind words about the legislators from Bibb. We indorse them as true and deserved:

Macon may well be proud of her Representatives. Hon. C. A. Nisbet, the chairman of the Finance Committee of the House, has achieved a proud and well earned distinction as one of the leading and most sagacious minds in the General Assembly.

The distinguished speaker of the House, Hon. A. O. Bacon presides with great dignity and discharges the varied and perplexing duties of his office with remarkable tact and efficiency. He has that faculty which is most desirable in a presiding officer, promptness. He is never at a loss. He comes to conclusions rapidly and very rarely makes a mistake. His popularity is unbounded. Your Senator too, Hon. T. J. Simmons, is regarded as one of the "strong men" of the Legislature. Earnest, industrious, well balanced, and with a high order of ability, he does the State valuable service.

Texas and Pacific Railway.

As will be seen from the following telegram, that portion of the great Texas and Pacific Railroad extending from Longview to Texarkana, also to Shreveport, Marshall, and Jefferson and Dallas, Texas, has been at last completed, connecting at Texarkana with the Cairo and Fulton Railroad for Little Rock and Memphis:

HOUSTON, TEXAS, January 24, 1874.

To B. W. Wrenn, G. P. and T. A.:

Connection made at Texarkana. We commence the sale of through tickets to-morrow.

S. M. MILLER,
General Ticket Agent of the International and Great National R. R.

This opens up the only all rail line from this section of the country to Texas, and, we are informed, will reduce the rates to some points as much as $10 a ticket.

We cannot say too much in favor of the Texas and Pacific and the good its completion will do the country generally, and especially the South. The Western and Atlantic Railroad, through its energetic and enterprising management, has already placed on sale tickets, first-class and emigrant, to all points in Texas at greatly reduced prices.

Summary of State News.

HAMILTON.

Another meeting was held at the court house on last Tuesday to see what could be done towards raising the $5,500 required from Harris county to extend the Notasulga and South Railroad to Hamilton. William Bray, C. P. Mott and J. H. Kelsoe were added to the committee on subscription. — There were two runaways in Hamilton last week. The results of which are embraced in a smashed buggy and a doctor with a broken ankle.—*Enterprise.*

CAMILLA.

The coming generation in Camilla are cultivating the baby. — The farmers of Mitchell county are busy preparing their lands for the spring sowing — One of the eight year old velocipede riders of Camilla, named Fred Tunlson, attempted last week to run a gauntlet over two horses and a mule. The collision came very near killing the young gentleman, who had undertaken and dared to ride, where he will remain for several months.—*Enterprise.*

BAINBRIDGE.

The special term of McIntosh Superior Court commenced on Monday last, Judge John L. Harris presiding — The ladies of the Presbyterian Church of Bainbridge have commenced the erection of a house. — Bishop Gross preached in Bainbridge last week.—*Sunport Appeal.*

SAVANNAH.

Judge Erskine has, by an order at Chambers, adjourned the February term of the Dist. Court at Savannah to the second Monday in April. — A meeting of the Savannah Bar was held saturday morning to take action upon the recent death of Judge Wm. Law. Judge Fleming presided. Colonel Henry R. Jackson paid an eloquent and beautiful tribute to the memory of the deceased, and moved the appointment of a committee of five to draft suitable resolutions, which were done. The Superior Court adjourned for the day. Judge Law was buried from the Independent Presbyterian Church, and had one of the largest funerals seen in the city for years.—*Advertiser and Republican.*

AUGUSTA.

Ike Green was convicted of murder before Judge Pottle, in Augusta, on Saturday. He was sentenced to be hung on the 20th of March, 1874. Hooper killed a coachman named Howard Satterwhite last December. — about 6½ o'clock Friday evening Mr. John H. Key, cotton clerk in the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad yard, was fatally wounded by John B. Hays, private watchman for the company. The shooting arose from a mistake. Hays thought Key was trying to steal wood. — This makes the fifth man Hays has shot.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

COLUMBUS.

Some two hundred colored emigrants from Houston and the adjoining counties passed through Columbus on their way to Mississippi and Arkansas. — Five thieves passed through Salem, Alabama, on Friday last, and now, that place mourns the loss of two horses and eighteen chickens. — The Columbus merchants, for their own security, have determined to adopt the check book system. — The freight accommodation train on the Southwestern Railroad ordered into Friday night between Howard and Bostick stations. The ball passed through the pocket of our renowned missing the head of a train hand.—*Sun and Enquirer.*

VALDOSTA.

A sleepy negro, with a pipe, came very near setting fire to Valdosta last Friday night. — The negro, Dick Worrell, the murderer of William Bryson, was hung in Valdosta at two o'clock last Friday. A large number of negroes collected in town, but the execution was in private. The prisoner displayed very little emotion.—*South Georgia Times.*

CUTHBERT.

Two negro children were burned to death in Cuthbert last week through the carelessness of their mothers.—*Appeal.*

HYMENEAL.

At the residence of the bride's father, in Lowndes county, Georgia, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. F. H. Ellis, Mr. D. C. Meadlock, of Tampa, Fla., to Miss Sarah Highower.

On the 13th inst., Mr. J. C. Huckabay, of Monroe, to Miss Amanda M. Wilkes, of Upson county.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Marion Jasper wife of Lamar Chappell, Esq. died at the reside nce of her father-in-law, on Thursday morning the 22d inst., of consumption.

Mrs Cevor, a well known Valdosta lady, died on Friday last.

Mrs Tinsley, the widowed mother of Phillip and Thomas Tinsley, of Clay county, died on Saturday last, in the 84th year of her age.

North Carolina News.

The extensive cotton mills located in Alamance county known as the Big Flag Mills, belonging to Messrs. W. A. & A. J. Murray, were destroyed by fire on the 23d, together with a flour mill adjoining. The fire was the result of an accident, catching from some of the machinery. The loss is estimated in some $40,000, there being no insurance upon either the buildings or machinery. The mills were established some 25 years ago, having been for 18 years in possession of the present firm. Aside from the loss sustained by the Messrs. Murray, quite a number of operators have been deprived of work.

A dispatch from Raleigh to the New York Sun says: "The Legislature and the people of this State seem in a measure to favor the destructive policy of repudiation. Many members of the Legislature, two members of Congress from the State, and two or three of the leading newspapers in North Carolina have already espoused this policy. The total debt of North Carolina since the war has been increased from eighteen million dollars to upward of thirty-four millions. The interest on the debt has not been paid for two years or more. The people are financially prostrated, and utterly demoralized because of the corruption and extravagance of the Radical rulers of the State in the years 1868 and 1869. The following table will show the rate at which bonds are offered for sale. Few are sold, however:

North Carolina bonds, old ex-coupon..... 34 cents
North Carolina bonds, funding, 1866..... 26 cents
North Carolina bonds, funding, 1868..... 24 cents
North Carolina bonds, new ..... 20 cents.
North Carolina bonds, special tax..... 13 cents.
North Carolina bonds, N. C. railroad..... 50 cents.

One of the bills introduced in the Legislature of the State proposes to pay thirty cents on the dollar upon all bonds issued for internal improvements since the war. The amount of these bonds is about $32,000,000, or a figure less. An amendment to this bill was offered to pay twenty cents on the dollar in lieu of thirty cents.

Speaking of the death in New York on the 15th instant, of Miss Laura Alexander, the young actress, of Charlotte, North Carolina, the Raleigh Sentinel says:

She was the youngest daughter of the late Julius Alexander, distinguished in his day as a statesman, lawyer and chivalrous man. Her grandfather was Joe Williams said by many to have been the most eloquent man of his day. His family on the maternal, as well as the paternal side, have been distinguished from the earliest period of our State's history. Laura was as beautiful as the morning. No one could look upon her without admiration and love, nor can those who knew her think of her death without pity and sorrow. She was as beautiful as Mary, the Scotch Queen, proud as Juno, and ambitious as Napoleon. Her courage, we thought, was equal to Cæsar's. In defiance of all her kindred and friends she betook herself to the stage, and declared her only ambition was to excel in her new profession, that she might command riches as well as fame. The riches she wanted for her mother and sisters; the fame for herself. Her nature was all ardor and frankness, her mind, if not of the highest, was of a superior order. She spoke eloquently and wrote with ease and elegance. The resolution and courage she manifested in defying the will of mother and friends in the choice of a profession not popular in the South was worthy of admiration, though not of imitation.

THE DOWNWARD ROAD.

A Sad Story of a Woman of Waywardness.

The Chicago Times tells story of a beautiful and accomplished daughter of a prominent financier of Cincinnati, who, two years ago graduated at a fashionable boarding school in Philadelphia. In the summer she flirted at Saratoga, led the German at the Branch, sang in public at Rye Beach, and was a very syren at West Point. After a time, however, she began to lose caste. Her genteel visitors fell off, and their absence was supplied by adventurers and disreputable soldiers of fortune.

The parlors of her elegant mansion, that had glittered with beauty and chivalry, and resounded to the sonatas and Mozart and Haydn, gave place to the melodies of the cork opera, and after a time she scarcely left her home, and, under a false name, appeared upon the stage as a ballet girl. For a season she was oblivious to the view of the public, and her actions were being forgotten until one evening in the engagement of Lawrence Barrett at Chicago she electrified a theatrical audience, and revived a knowledge of her existence by appearing before the foot-lights in a subordinate part of the tragedy of "Julius Cæsar."

Her friends endeavored to persuade her to return to her home, and her grief-stricken father offered to settle fifty thousand dollars upon her if she would renounce her wayward life. She refused to listen to their entreaties, however, and again she disappeared from view, and nothing more was heard of her until last week, when a Chicago policeman rescued her from a drunken brawl, in which she was an active participant. Upon learning who she was the girl's parents were promptly notified, and she will now be released from custody on condition of returning to her family, who are willing and ready to receive her.

J. Wilkes Booth's Romance.

The Washington correspondent of the Cleveland Leader writes: "Several years ago when John P. Hale was here as Senator, his daughters were among the most admired of all the belles. They lived in elegant style at National, and entertained with a great deal of vivacity all who visited them. The young est was really a very pretty, brunette, piquant girl of eighteen or so. Of course there were a great many admirers, and among them the actor John Wilkes Booth was the most devoted to Miss Eighteen. You perhaps remember Booth's appearance, a handsome, dark, melodramatic fellow, and among a certain set here he was a great favorite socially. At night he played his Charles, in Schiller's "Robbers," and Miss Hale was always at the play, with bouquet, and smiles for him. In those days who could guess the sad sequel to a romance of love that promised bright enough? I remember a night when the hotel was a blaze of light. The guests were giving a "hop" for their friends, and between the waltzes every one was good naturedly gossiping at the devotion of a couple who walked up and down the rooms, and were apparently oblivious of place and surroundings. They were a very attractive pair, he tall and dark-eyed, she fair and sweet as an English rose. There were some who cavilled at her choice; the father must be wild to permit such an alliance, they said—the daughter of a United States Senator to marry a play-actor. But the many to whom the young girl's sweet face seemed excuse for any infatuation, looked with indulgence at the little drama of the 'old, old story.' I remember too well another night, just the eve of two days later. We were at Ford's old theatre. Again a blaze of light, and music and a crowded house, it took on at Laura Keene in the 'American Cousin.' How many times have you heard the story of that night, too dreadful to talk of even? The sudden pistol shot, the uproar that followed, and in the figure that sprang from the President's box I saw the lover of two nights ago, and knew that even as he whispered in that young girl's ear he was planning this dreadful scene. In Wilkes Booth's pocket was found the picture of his betrothed, and she wrote of the assassin that she would marry him at the foot of the gallows. Such devotion hangs like a divine fragrance about our recollections of this wretched, mistaken man, and though it cannot blot out, yet surely let it dim a little the horror we rightly feel at his work."

MIDNIGHT NEWS,

ENGLAND.

DISRAELI MAKES A BOLD ASSAULT ON GLADSTONE.

LONDON, January 26.—The Right Honorable Benjamin Disraeli, in an address to his constituents seeking his re-election to Parliament, strongly condemns the course of the government. Premier Gladstone he charged with having violated constitutional law by persisting several months in the occupation of a seat to which he was no longer entitled, and the action of the Ministry inaugurating the Ashantee war without communicating with Parliament on the subject is severely denounced. Disraeli says he finds nothing definite in Gladstone's address regarding the policy of the latter, except that he intends to apply a large surplus to the remission of taxation, which would be the course of any ministry. The principal measures of relief spoken of by Gladstone have always been favored by the conservatives. It would have been far better for the country if within the last five years the foreign policy of the government had been a little more energetic.

Disraeli characterizes the argument for an extension of household suffrage to the counties as fallacious, and says that no one has more strongly opposed contemplated assimilation of franchise than the Premier.

WASHINGTON.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED TO THE BANKRUPT LAW—PENSIONS FOR THE MEXICAN WAR VOLUNTEERS.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—The additional amendments recommended by the Judiciary Committee to the bankrupcy bill relate mostly to matters of detail involved in the amendments already reported. The following, however, are new and important:

1. An amendment providing that in cases of voluntary bankruptcy, no discharge shall be granted to a debtor whose assets shall not be equal to 33 per centum of the claims proved against his estate, upon which he shall be liable as principal debtor without the assent of his creditors in number and value, as prescribed by the existing law. This reveals the provision which now requires 50 per centum of such assets.

2. An amendment providing that in computing the number of creditors who shall join in a petition to have a debtor adjudged bankrupt, creditors whose respective debts do not exceed $250 shall not be reckoned as part of the requisite proportion of one-fourth of all the creditors, but if there be no creditors whose debts exceed said sum of $250, or if the requisite number of creditors holding debts exceeding $250 fail to sign the petition, creditors having debts of a less amount shall be reckoned for the purposes aforesaid.

Logan's bill provides that a pension of eight dollars per month shall be given to each honorably discharged officer, and enlisted man, including militia and volunteers of the military and naval service, who served sixty days in war with Mexico, and also to surviving unmarried widows of such officers and soldiers.

Financial and Commercial.

Atlanta Cotton Statement.

ATLANTA, GA., January 26, 1874.—Cotton closed quiet at 13¾@13¾ cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	17 bales.
By Air-Line Railroad	30 "
By West Point railroad	3 "
By Georgia Railroad	1 "
By Central Railroad	6 "
Western and Atlantic Railroad	7 "
Total	64 "
Receipts previous	48,088
Total receipts	48 152 bales

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments, to-day	150 "
shipments previous	46,099 "
Total shipments	4,249 bales
Stock on hand	1 884

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Cotton dull; sales 934 bales at 15 7 8@16 1-4.

Net receipts 721 bales; gross 8,717.

Cotton for future delivery closed steady; sales 37,200 bales as follows: January, 15@15 1-32; February 15 33@15 1-8; March 15 5-8@15 21 32; April 16 3 32@16 1-8; May 16 15- 2@16 1 2; June 16 13 16@16 7-8; July 17 3 16@17 1 4

Southern flour firmer at $6 85@$7 90 for common to fair extra; $7 95@$11 for good to choice. Whisky 99. Wheat 1c better. Corn dull; 83@86 for new western mixed. Pork steady; new mess $16 25. Lard 9 3-4. Turpentine 48. Rosin $3 60@$3 65. Rice unchanged.

Money easy at 5@6. Exchange dull. Gold 11 3-8@11 1 2. Governments strong. States quiet and strong.

LATER.—Sts 18½; 62s 14¼; 64s 16 1-2; 65s 17 1-2; new 16 5-8; 67s 17 7-8, 68s 17 3-4; new 5s 12½; 10:40s 14 1-8.

NEW ORLEANS, January 26.—Flour dull; double extra $6 50; treble $6 75@7 25; family $8@9. Corn quiet; white 77; yellow 80. Oats active and easier at 56@57. Bran dull at $1 10. Hay dull; ordinary $16@18; choice $24. Pork dull at $16 25. Dry salt meat quiet; shoulders 6 3-8; clear rib sides 8 1-4. Bacon scarce and higher; shoulders 8 1 8@8 1-2; clear rib sides 9 1-2; clear sides 10. Hams dull at 11½. Lard in good demand and scarce; keg 10. Sugar dull; inferior 4¾@5 1-2, common 5⅞@6¼; fair to fully fair 6¾@7⅜; prime to choice 8@8¾. Molasses in good demand; fair 52@57; strictly prime 66. Whisky quiet at 99 for Louisians; $1 03 for Cincinnati. Coffee quiet at 24@25. Corn meal dull at $3 20.

Gold 11¾. Exchange—New York sight ¼ discount; sterling $5 34 1-2@5 35 1-2.

AUGUSTA, January 25.—Cotton dull; middlings 14½; net receipts 1,438 bales; sales 517.

SAVANNAH, January 25.—Cotton very dull; net receipts 4,558 bales; exports to continent 2,004; coastwise 484; sales 1,533; stock 110,-233.

CHARLESTON, January 26.—Cotton dull and nominal; net receipts 3,423 bales; exports coastwise 2,795; sales 800; stock 58,825.

POSTON, January 26.—Cotton dull and steady; net receipts 1 bale; gross 1,564; sales 300; stock 5,000.

PHILADELPHIA, January 26.—Cotton dull at 13; net receipts 920; gross 1,713.

LONDON, January 26.—Common rosin 7s 6d. Turpentine 32s 6d.

MEMPHIS, January 26.—Cotton—receipts 3,695 bales; shipments 3 268; stock 10,679.

NORFOLK, January 26.—Cotton easy; net receipts 5,531 bales; exports coastwise 3,338; sales 450; stock 25,189.

WILMINNTON, January 26.—Cotton dull and nominal; net receipts 213; stock 3,363.

BALTIMORE, January 26.—Cotton dull and lower; net receipts 335 gross 674; exports to France 2,020, exports coastwise 205; sales 291; stock 14,116.

GALVESTON, January 26.—Cotton dull; demand limited; net receipts 3,369; exports coastwise 2,124; sales 400; stock 114,902.

LIVERPOOL, January 26.—5 P. M.—Cotton—Sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped in December or January, 7 3 4; do. do., shipped in January or February 7 7-8; do. do., deliverable in February or March 7 13-16.

NEW ORLEANS, January 26.—Cotton irregular, middlings 15 3 4; low middling 14 1 2; good ordinary 13 1-4.—Net receipts 11,090 bales; gross 12,165; exports to Great Britain 4,268; to France 1,417. sales 3,300; last evening 2 700; stock 292,828.

MOBILE, January 26.—Cotton weak and quiet, net receipts 4,695 bales; gross 4,696; exports coastwise 983; sales 1,00; stock 70,856.

CINCINNATI, January 26.—Flour firm and unchanged. Corn dull at 60@62. Provisions firmly held and business small. Pork firm at $15 75. Lard firm; steam 9 1-8 asked; 9 bid; kettle 9 1-4@9. Bacon very firm; shoulders 7 1-4@7 3-8; clear rib 8 3 4@8 7-8; clear 9@9½. Whisky firm at 95.

LOUISVILLE, January 24.—Flour quiet and firm. Corn quiet at 63@71. Provisions firm. Pork $15 35@15 50. Bacon; shoulders 7 1 2; clear rib 8 7-8; clear 9 1 8. Lard; tierce 9½; keg 10 1-4; steam 9. Whisky 94 1-2@95.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.—Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 North street, Philadelphia, Pa., an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct in all its transactions. jan27-d&w3m

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

[See Noon News on First Page]

WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS—MORTON AGAINST PINCHBACK—THE ALABAMA CASE.

HOUSE.

Among the bills introduced were, pensioning the soldiers' widows of the Mexican war; pensioning the widow of James L. Orr, of South Carolina; army survey of the ship canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi near Cairo, by Mills, of Texas; removing all the troops from the Southern States to the border for frontier protection, by Hays; furnishing army rations to the destitute people of the South.

West Virginia election resumed

SENATE.

The preliminary proceedings of the Senate are unimportant.

Morton called up the Pinchback case, in which he reiterated the statement that, if the charges were true, Pinchback was not a proper person for a seat in the Senate.

McCreary followed in a brilliant speech upon Louisiana affairs.

Upon motion of Senator Carpenter, who desires to speak on the subject, a resolution to recommit was postponed to Wednesday's executive session.

The Supreme Court adjourns on Friday to the first Monday in March.

The President and Attorney General consulted to-day.

The Federal government has authorized Mexico to extend the telegraph line on the Rio Grande to Brownsville, and maintain the office there.

No Southern nominations.

The hearing of the contest between Sykes and Spencer for a seat in the Senate is postponed to Thursday, by which time the counsel for contestants can make up cases and designate witnesses.

A. J. Ricks, editor of the Knoxville Chronicle, and clerk of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, is here.

WEATHER.

WINDS AND RISING TEMPERATURE IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—For the New England states, the cloudiness will increase, rising temperature, winds veering southerly and falling barometer.

For the lake region the temperature will rise slightly, with generally cloudy weather, southeasterly to southwesterly winds and possibly light snow near lakes Erie and Ontario.

For the Ohio Valley and thence southward to the Gulf coast the barometer will fall; with rising temperature and generally cloudy weather, easterly to southerly winds and areas of rain in the Mississippi Valley and the coast.

For the South Atlantic States the barometer will fall with a slight rise of temperature, easterly to southerly winds, and increasing cloudiness.

For the northwest no decided change of temperature will occur and partly cloudy weather will prevail, except in the lower Missouri Valley, where rain is probable.

SCRAPS.

EARTHQUAKE IN MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, January 16.—The thermometer was at zero this morning. It is much colder than before. The ice business is pushed vigorously.

LOWELL, January 26.—A palpable earthquake at Chelmsford this morning, about the buildings here. It caused considerable alarm.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Arrived out—Olympia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST,

On Sunday evening, 18th instant, on Washington street, between Bowen and Hunter streets, a Lady's Gold Breastpin. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at this office. jan27-d3t

THE well known Drayman, Crawford Monroe, is prepared to do hauling of any description. He is running two of the Best Drays in the city, and by close attention to business hopes to share a liberal portion of the public patronage.

For any information as to his responsibility call on J. R. Wallace, Edward Parsons or W. S. Grisham. He can be found by applying at either of the above gentlemen's offices.

jan27-dtues&thrlm

NOTICE.

LOST, one Overcoat and Oil Cloth Carpet Sack containing note for $125 on J. D Sanders. Please leave at this office and will be rewarded.

jan27-d3t

$500 TO LOAN.

A BUSINESS MAN desires a situation with some responsible house. He has six hundred dollars worth he is willing to loan or invest with his employer. Address for two days,

"MONEY TO LOAN,"
Care Constitution Office.

jan27-d2t

VICI.

Jackson's Magic Balsam

—THE—

Great Master of Pain,

IS KEPT IN

EVERY FAMILY

WOULD BE FOUND EQUAL TO

Any Emergency.

THE PROOF:

ATLANTA, GA., November 18, 1873.

P. Van AlenAne Esq., Barnesville, Ga.:

DEAR SIR—You must excuse me for this outburst of praise for your invaluable medicine, and thanks to you for placing it within my reach. I usually shun it: To-night after supper, I was attacked with a very acute pain in my right side. I had felt it coming on for several days, but it did not reach a focus until to-night, and of all intense pains it was the worst I ever had. Having tried your Balsam once before for diff rent ailments and found it equal to any emergency, I knew of nothing so suitable for this pain as I went along and paid my last quarter for a small bottle of Jackson's Magic Balsam. It was with the greatest difficulty I reached home. The medicine was applied to the hurting place, and in a few minutes after the application, I took my pencil, and while I scribble these lines to you the pain has disappeared, leaving me as happy as the festal sun flower. Send another dose of the Magic Truck in the bottle ready for any pain that may arise. I only wish you as much good luck as your Balsam is efficient, and that is a great deal.

Yours truly,

B. W SMITH,
Typographical Artist,
With Christian Index.

jan16-jan27-d2aw&wt

FOR RENT.

HOUSE on Hunter street, four rooms, only three responsible ones. Apply to Mr. Sharp, on Car Shed. Apply to Dr. Bright's Boot Shop, No. 47 Broad st. jan27-d1w

IN the District Court of the United States—Northern District of Georgia.—In the matter of Zachariah P. Claxton, a Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of Zacariah P. Claxton, of Troup county, State of Georgia who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court for said district.

Witness my hand and official signature, at LaGrange, Ga., January 17, 1874.

R. F. THOMASON, Assignee,
LaGrange, Ga.

jan27-d1aw3w

Administrator's Postponed Sale.

WILL be sold at the court house door in Fayetteville, Fayette county, Georg

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION
ATLANTA:
TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1874.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
Send Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our Paper." mar11-1y

Carley, Duck & Co.!
Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 89 & 91 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc., a specialty. apr15-eodly

Redwine & Fox Have Kept it Up Since 1865.
To supply the trade with pure drugs, paints and oils. Of a consequence, when the people need a good article call on
REDWINE & FOX.
july17-dtf

REMOVED.—Lochrey has moved his office for the receiving and delivery of work to East Hunter street, opposite the Christian Church. He can now fill order with better dispatch than before. When you want to dye go to Lochrey's. oct7-tf

OYSTERS AND FISH.—L. Cook has a full supply of Fish and Oysters, and will keep them through the season, on Whitehall street. oct 27-tf

The Seven Wonders of Atlanta.
1. The free mail delivery.
2. The Mineral Spring.
3. Uniformed Police.
4. The Magnificent Fire Department.
5. The New Iron Bridge.
6. The beauty of the ladies.
7. The greatest of all—how Ladies' Underwear can be sold so cheap at No 45 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office. oct26-deodtf

Delivery of Presents.
Our subscribers will bear in mind that we are now delivering presents, on application at THE CONSTITUTION office, and surrender of gift cards. Those at a distance can send their cards at their convenience, or as they have opportunity. The published numbers will show who have drawn leading premiums, also books and chromos. Those holding cards not in the published list of numbers were awarded smaller presents, which will be delivered on presentation of cards.

PEASE'S PALACE
DINING ROOMS,
Alabama Str et, Atlanta, Georgia,
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOP. E
SINCE 1865.
The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.
This House has had a popular run of eight years.
Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.
Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding Parties, etc., etc.
Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.
Price List of Norfolk Oysters:
Select, per quart.....65 cents
Medium, per quart.....50 cents
Ordinary, per quart.....40 cents
Address
O. L. PEASE,
jan17—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Cozy four room house on Hunter street for rent.
See notice of lady's gold breastpin lost.
See "one hundred dollars" to loan.
See notice of verdict and carpet-sack lost.
See administrator's sale—Michael Gardner, administrator.
See Administrator's sale of pound sale—G. W. Slaton, administrator.
See list of unclaimed freight at Western and Atlantic Railroad.
Read card of Crawford Monroe, drayman.
See notice in Bankruptcy of Michael De Roen.
See notice in bankruptcy of Z. F. Claxton.

SEE notice of a lady's gold breast pin lost.

SEE notice of overcoat and oil-cloth carpet-sack lost.

REAL ESTATE.—Improved property is again rather looking up in the city.

EVERY piece a gem. Opera House, Wednesday evening. jan27 2t

M. HARRALSON & CO. have just received large consignments of Tobacco and Cigars.

GOOD BUSINESS.—The Western and Atlantic Railroad is doing a good business at this time.

GET up clubs for the second great Distribution of Presents. See the county premiums.

A BUSINESS man desires a situation with some responsible house. He has $600 to loan.

UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.—See advertisement of unclaimed freight at the Western and Atlantic Railroad

CALL AND SEE.—An unusually pretty line of choice Carpets just received at the Carpet Store of
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co.
jan23-4t.

FORTY bbds. and 100 bbls molasses now at depot ready for delivery to the trade. A. K. SEAGO.
jan23 2t.

JUST RECEIVED, a large stock of Tobacco and Imported Cigars. M. HARRALSON & CO.,
75 Whitehall st.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE is ordered to meet at De Give's New Opera House, Wednesday evening at 7
jan27-2t

FELL DEAD.—A horse, from overwork, fell dead on Mitchell street yesterday.

"Alas! Poor Yorick!"

HAVE you heard Scott's Last? No? Go to the Opera House, Wednesday evening, and hear it.
jan27-2t

SEE administrator's sale of property in Fulton county, belonging to the estate of Patrick Gardiner, deceased

WHERE ARE THE PHILANTHROPISTS?—A dog without total by jury was knocked on the head, according to Lynch law regulations, on Pratt street yesterday.

QUITE AN IMPROVEMENT.—The widening of Butler street, where crossed by the Georgia Railroad track, is very nearly completed, and adds very greatly to the improvement of that locality.

GENTLEMEN whose accompanies are better than the best of Soaps can now find Hitchcock & Co., supplied with, and willing to sell Georgia Made Soaps, *very low—cheap enough*—at 31 Broad street.

LEE, JACKSON AND JOHNSON.—An agent is canvassing the city for subscribers to fine Steel Engravings of these Confederate heroes, in behalf of the Virginia Monumen to General Lee.

GONE HOME.—Having failed to make the Senate see that he was entitled to a seat in that body Senator Campbell has gone home. To him the air around Atlan a has lost its fragrance, and the blessed sun "no longer sends a summer feeling to his heart."

AT CHURCH.—Quite a number of the members of the Legislature, particularly young members, were in attendance at the various churches on Sunday. As a matter of course they did not go to contemplate the works of nature artistically decorated in bonnets, crinoline, and small-sized boots.

GOOD IN EVIL THINGS.—A stranger in the city, unaccustomed to oysters, was made quite sick yesterday by eating too many of them. He was relieved by taking a stiff drink of whisky "straight."

"There is a soul of gladness in things evil,
Would men observingly distil it out."

"SYDNEY SMITH."—Let none who wish to enjoy a rich treat fail to hear Elder James S. Lamar on the above subject Thursday night, the 29th instant, at James Hall. Season tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's book store for three lectures. This lecture is given for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian Association.

SELF EXERTION has done much for Atlanta. Let us keep it up. As individual citizens let each be intent on his own business. Concentrate all energies in building it up to its maximum extent and not desist in it until accomplished. If times appear dull, let not that deter, but devote the leisure time thereby given to plan and contrive to win trade and build up business despite the adverse times.

DO SOMETHING.—An earnest looking boy from the country was in the city yesterday, and seemed very energetic in his efforts to sell two or three bear skins. Said that when not at work he loved to read; he wished to know something and to have some money when a man. Vanderbilt once kept a ferry boat and Astor hunted the beaver. Girard was a cabin boy. The path to the highest position is open to this boy, and he may, by perseverance, industry, integrity and good fortune, raise himself to a seat of high trust.

Benevolent Society.

"Try a little thing
To give a cup of water; yet its draught
Of cool refreshment, drained by fainting lips,
May give a sweet of pleasure to the brain
More exquisite than when nectared juice
Renews the life of joy in happiest hours."

If there were "no crown beyond Jordan," acts of benevolence will do the soul good, for the happiest patrons are those who live to benefit others, who are always ready with a word to encourage, a smile to cheer, a look to persuade, and a dollar to assist.

Benevolence is the most important disposition in the experience of genuine christianity; amid all the glories of religion, this is the most resplendent. Surrounded with the atmosphere of heaven, it smiles with ineffable benevolence and stretches her hand to relieve the wants of mankind; and mingling her praises with those of the celestial world, attunes her lyre to the melody which encircles the throne of God.

The ladies of Atlanta, without regard to church or sect, are respectfully invited to meet at James' Hall on *Friday* at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of organizing a Benevolent Society.

Good bargains in tobacco and cigars. Give us a call. No. 75 Whitehall street.
M. HARRALSON & CO.

ASTONISHED.—A visitor to Atlanta from Middle Georgia was surprised yesterday on going in the stores of the city and finding so many and such excellent dry goods houses. Now the truth is, in a very large number of them you can find an almost endless mass of the exquisite wonders of the textile art, from fabrics of fairy gossamer down through all the grades and shades and hues of goods, lovely and substantial. You can find silks in every variety of shade and color. An exhaustless repertoire of embroid ries and a crowning array of gloves of all the love lest and newest tints and shades. In fact, in this line, no taste or wish can fail to be delighted. Strangers and visitors to Atlanta should take THE CONSTITUTION, examine its advertising columns, and they will see exactly what houses to visit to procure any of the above goods.

CITY FINANCES.

Some Plain Talk to the City Council About this Matter—The Pernicious Plan of City Scrip Discussed—Atlanta Tried the Experiment Once and Got in the Mire Thereby.

Hon S. B. Spencer, Mayor, and the City Council:

As an old citizen of Atlanta, and expecting to spend the balance of my days here I naturally feel a deep interest in everything that concerns her welfare and prosperity.

This must be my apology for addressing to you—the chief Executive officer of the city the present year, and band of city fathers—a few short articles, in which I propose to call your attention to certain matters appertaining to our municipal government.

For several years past, it is, I believe, a generally admitted act, that in many respects the administration of city affairs has been most unjustifiably managed.

True, the city was left in ruins by Sherman's army; yet in 1865-6, she was, I believe, almost if not entirely out of debt. Since that time, in addition to the annual taxes that have been levied and collected from the people—and they have not been light—our rulers have, according to the last reports of the city officers, piled up a bonded debt of one million four hundred and twenty-three thousand nine hundred and twenty-three dollars and a "floating debt" of two hundred and eleven dollars, and this, too, in the face of annually recurring pledges of Mayors and Councils that "retrenchment and reform" should be their motto and rule of all action.

In what particular shape this "floating debt" exists, when due, and what interest it carries, we are not informed. It is presumable, however, that it is evidenced by outstanding checks and notes now due or soon to become so.

It would be profitable, if not interesting, to review the financial policy pursued by our City Fathers, during a few years past. Thereby we might discover some of the *rocks* on which they have split, and which should be avoided by you and your associates. Suffice it to say, that the great error, the main source of trouble, has been that each year the expenditures have been allowed to exceed the legitimate receipts, and to meet the deficiency resort has been had to borrowing money at a *heavy interest* and selling bonds at a *ruinous discount*. Much of the money thus raised has been put for jobs in many instances silver out at high prices, and in others, where the work could well have been postponed till a more convenient season." This practice of living beyond your income, has never failed to prove disastrous to corporations as well as individuals.

I do not mean to censure the last Mayor and Council (they inherited a heavy burden from their predecessors, immediate and remote) by saying that the last annual report of the City Treasurer makes an exhibit mortifying to the last degree. During the year, it appears from that document, that the Council has been driven to the necessity of borrowing money to meet current demands, in sums ranging from five hundred to twenty-five thousand dollars, from any and all parties that could be found with it to loan, giving notes therefor, (but at what rate of interest is not stated.)

It would seem that the city has thus been placed in the position of the private individual who, with a note maturing in bank—no funds on hand—to meet it, borrows a little here, a little there, and a little anywhere he can get it; and strange to say, there are some persons that call this good financiering, and maintain that the credit of the city at par.

From this humiliating condition I humbly conceive that every citizen, who feels a pride in the fair fame, of Atlanta, can but desire to see her extricated.

How is this to be effected?

That's the question."

And here allow me to say with all due respect, in my judgment, it cannot be done by the issuing of fifty thousand dollars by city checks or change bills as suggested by you in your inaugural address, and recommended by a majority of Council at your last meeting.

In this matter of "Change Bills," Atlanta has had some experience in the past; and if guided by its lamp, will certainly avoid it in the future. Atlanta issued $50,000 of change bills in 1865. In a short while they depreciated from ten to fifteen per cent. and the merchants were called upon and appealed to to pledge themselves to receive them. The experiment failed. Such bills (as you are aware) cannot, by the law of the United States, be made bankable. No merchant from the largest to the smallest, could use them in payment of his foreign debts. How long, then, would they circulate at par? And are you quite sure, that the city would not be compelled to pay ten per cent. to the general government upon the amount issued? See the 23d section of the Internal Revenue Act of March 24, 1867. It seems to me, that there is but one way of escape from the unfortunate predicament in which the city, as appears from the reports already referred to, is financially placed. *Fund your floating debt*, or so much of it as you can't pay, as the earliest time practicable and on the best terms possible. This being done, let your expenditures not only be kept within your legitimate income, but at once adopt and *put in practice a rigid system of economy*, whereby as much may, without additional taxation, be enabled, at an early day, to begin to provide a sinking fund for the payment of your bonded debt as it falls due. AMICUS.

Henry County Matters.

HAMPTON, HENRY COUNTY, GA., January 26, 1874.

Editors Constitution: The beautiful hills of Hampton, with its moss set pine grove, with its pleasant breezes, the commodious Hampton House by Thompson and Lady, its accessible high school, under the spacious Masonic Hall, Mr. J. P. Speer Principal, its magnificent drug store, the numerous dry goods stores—nearly a dozen—a few other trading houses, several bar rooms, livery stable, cotton warehouse, etc., is quite a lively place of its age, and its enterprising and energetic citizens are determined it shall grow. This statement may be confirmed by the marriages recently, of three white men and one of another hue—Cæsar.

Married, Thursday, 22d, Mr. Henry Weems and Miss Mollie Dupree. On Friday, 23d, infair at Mrs Weems'. In the afternoon two other couple agreed to unite for life in Hymen's bond, when the two young men started in hot haste for the Ordinary's office. Having received of him the proper passport they hastened back to the place of merriment, when in consequence of objection to the marriage of one of the ladies by her brother, and during the little disturbance, the parties and parson retired to a private room, were married, even before the household were apprised of it. The parties so married did not stop or run away to marry, but only concluded it convenient then and there.

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DELEGATES to the Temperance Convention arriving to-day are invited to attend a meeting of Georgia Lodge, 183, this night at 7½ o'clock, at the hall, corner Broad and Marietta streets. All members of the different Lodges are also invited. The Grand Worthy Chief Templar, Grand Worthy Vice Templar, and the Grand Secretary are expected to be present. A good time is anticipated.

THE BERGER FAMILY.—We are pleased to inform our readers that the Berger Family and Col Smith Russell will give an entertainment in Atlanta on Monday night. No company has made a better impression on an Atlanta audience. The ladies especially were delighted. It is an entertainment that church members can attend. The company will have a crowded house.

MRS. BROWN, on Mitchell street, has two pleasant front rooms comfortably furnished with which she desires to accommodate two gentlemen as boarders.

THE LEGISLATURE.

But few cats were on the fence in the Senate Chamber yesterday, the Judiciary committee having all their pets on the floor. The session was pretty much taken up discussing a motion made by Mr. Reese, to reconsider the action of the body on Friday, relative to the bill making juries, judges of the law as well as of the facts. Mr. Pelzer had moved on that occasion to amend section 4510 of the Revised Code. When the bill went before the Judiciary Committee they reported back a substitute. The bill was read the third time and passed, at least the substitute, with an amendment by Mr. Hillyer. The spirit of the amendment being to make the judge the safe-guardian of the jury. The substitute and amendment read as follows:

That from and after the passage of this act on every trial for any crime or offense in this State, that while the Judge is the safe and reliable advisor of the jury, yet the jury shall not be bound to take the law as given them in charge by the court unless in their conscientious opinion the charge truly states the law, but it shall be the right of the jury to differ from the court as to the law.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That on the trial of all criminal cases it shall be the right of counsel to read and argue the law to the jury.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That all laws in conflict with this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

The bill and substitute as amended was discussed at some length by Messrs. Reese, Kibbee, Simmons, Hudson, Peavy, Lester, Hillyer and Devaux, and finally re-committed to the Judiciary Committee.

In the discussion one senator perpetrated a bull in speaking of the jurors oath said they swore to "true and *wolly* try."

The Senator from the 9th, who is not in "striking distance" of home, says of the handsome Senator from the 25th, that "he keeps one eye on the Treasury and the other on the ladies." Last night the last named charged the range of his "glittering optic" and turned it full upon something more attractive than Golconda's richest gems.

The Senator from the 16th left last night for home, and several fair ones refuse to be comforted.

In the House, the bill to incorporate the Direct Trade Union of the Patrons of Husbandry was read the second time and referred. It is said that 6,000 bales of cotton are now ready for shipment.

The majority and minority reports of the Committee on Privileges and Elections in the contested election case from Decatur county, will be found entire in the proceedings. The committee seems about equally divided.

The Convention Bill is the special order for to-day.

The Convention orators doubtless last night rehearsed their thunderbursts of eloquence to be delivered to-day. One of their arguments—if not the main one—will be the mortgage on the Capitol building. We feel confidence enough in the present Mayor and Council of Atlanta to believe that they will maintain the faith of Atlanta at all hazards, and fulfill every contract to the letter, and even go beyond it if it is necessary to protect the reputation of the city from even an implied breach of faith.

The poet-Laureate is expected to get off some good poetry about Thursday.

ON 'CHANGE.—There was a very fair attendance of merchants on 'change yesterday, considerably more than had been present for several days past. Vice President Garrett presided.

On motion of Major Benjamin F. Crane the report of the committee on Bankruptcy was unanimously adopted. This report was published in full in THE CONSTITUTION when it was first prepared and will not be reproduced.

Mr Stewart, who has been absent for several days, was present at the meeting and was called upon for his excuse. Mr. Stewart stated that he had been to Rome, and that his adventures there would be found graphically depicted in the following little poem which he read, and which is so good that we publish it.

THE LAWYER'S MILL.

AN EXCUSE FOR ABSENCE. BY J. A. STEWART.

Have been to mill—to the *lawyer's mill*—
Way up to the city of Rome.
My sacks and bags were turning to rags,
And I thought I'd bring them home.

But the lawyers said they'd not been paid—
That the *turn* must yet be ground;
So into the bin they tumbled it in
And flourished the *toll-dish* around.

I saw at a glance, that then was my chance,
By off ring a good round toll,
To shut down the mill, and my sacks refill
With what was not wasted or stole.

When into the bin, each one pitched in
To get a share of the grain;
They doubled the toll, and I thought in my soul
That night but the bags would remain.

But—cooking them off, I still found enough
To pay for my trip to the mill;
And selling the bags, for paper mill rags,
I paid up my hotel bill.

By the adoption of the above report our merchants have simply pledged themselves to resist, to the last, every unlawful effort to take advantage of the bankrupt act and to keep a lawyer retained to look after these cases. There is no doubt but our merchants have been bitten several times by faithless debtors through the agency of this act, and this plan of action is doubtless the best they could adopt.

The Georgia Baptist Orphans' Home.

This institution, located two miles from the car shed on Peachtree street, is now doing and has already performed a great and benificent work. It will repay any one to visit this interesting institution. The children are under the immediate control and management of Mrs. M. J. Crutchfield, whose maternal affection for the helpless orphans committed to her charge almost supplies a mother's place. No one can stay awhile with these little ones without feeling that the time was well spent.

On last Sabbath afternoon the institution was visited by Rev. W. J. Wootten, City Missionary, 1st Baptist Church, whose duty it is to preach to these children weekly) accompanied by Hon. Hiram Williams, of Dooly, and Hon W. P. Price. The latter gentleman delivered to the children a short address, which was listened to with intense interest by the children.

I suggest to visitors who can do so, and especially the members of the General Assembly, that they visit the Home, talk to and with the children and hear them sing. They will never regret it. W.

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LEGISLATIVE MEETING OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

Negro Views on Social Equality, &c.

How Sambo Proposes to Get His Rights

The City Hall was filled last night with a perfect mob of six or seven hundred negroes, called together to take action upon the Civil Rights Bill. As will be seen from our report, a number of incendiary speeches were made, showing their fixed disposition to make trouble if the bill passes.

The meeting was organized by the election of Fuller as chairman and William Moore as Secretary.

Fuller returned thanks for honors conferred. It is high time that colored people should meet about their grievances. Resolutions will be introduced asking Congress to confer equal privileges with whites. Wants nobody to speak except those who know what they intend to say. This is no carousal, and as President he expects to be obeyed.

William Wimbush offered the following:

"Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting keep perfect order, that we may have perfect success so far as this meeting is concerned.

[Sig'd] Resp'y, C. WIMBUSH."

This resolution was adopted.

Dr. Baldwin offered the following:

"Whereas, The colored people of the United States from the Revolutionary War down to the war between the States, have freely shed their blood and given their labor to the establishment of a government founded upon the proud basis of the American Union;" that all men are born free and equal, and that, whereas, notwithstanding, the Constitution of the United States solemnly guarantees "that all persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens in the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the law;" and, whereas, all these are practically denied to five million of the colored citizens of the United States by the State government of the several States.

Therefore, be it resolved, That we, American citizens of African descent, do most respectfully pray the Congress of the United States that that honorable body do enact laws that will enforce all the provisions of the Constitution relative to the rights and privileges of its citizens.

2. Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to each member of Congress from this State, and to Hon. Charles Sumner, Hon. O. P. Morton, Hon Roscoe Conkling, Senators, and to Hon. B. F. Butler, Hon. S. S. Elliott, Hon. Horace Maynard, Representatives, earnestly asking their support in this behalf.

Dr Baldwin supported his resolution in a somewhat remarkable harangue, wherein he endeavored to show that the ancestors of his colored hearers had shed oceans of blood during the revolutionary war, had whipped the fight at New Orleans, and done divers other valiant and mighty deeds, all of which were recorded in a little yellow book the Doctor held in his hand, and which was printed in Canada. Coming on down to more recent times, the learned Doctor discussed, in a somewhat promiscuous manner, the nullification measures, the Missouri Compromise, the Fugitive Slave Act, and several other edifying and refreshing subjects, especially to his hearers, although what connection they had to do with his resolution did not readily appear.

At last he got eloquent. "Whose labor, my fellow citizens, has caused all the floating castles to flock around our harbors? Who has built up Wall street and nearly every fine house in Liverpool and London? It was yours, my colored friends. It was not slavery that made the South rebel. It was political ambition."

Here the doctor sat down, and a darkie named Wimbush moved the resolution be taken up. (We had thought it was already up.) However, this motion was carried.

Wimbush then moved its adoption, but another colored gentleman asked for a second reading, which was granted and the Secretary read them again.

Mr Moore wanted the resolution changed by including all Republicans who favor the Civil Rights bill. This amendment was adopted.

Some colored gentleman here moved the adoption of the original resolution, but the chair ruled that they were already adopted, although we didn't hear any vote.

The chairman next introduced a young mulatto whom he called a distinguished student from our university, named Mr. Carter. Carter said he was pursuing his studies when he heard of the meeting, but feeling that they would do him no good without the civil rights bill, he came out. Can't resent for the Legislature like Bill Arp went for the Heathen Chinee. Should not Congress protect us. We would destroy this government in a minute if we did not get our rights. We do not want a part but every bit of them. Some people thought if the Civil Rights Bill passed the negro would be clothed out, but he thought not. When this government takes care only of citizens of one color then this government will go to the devil. He thought the reason which the Legislature did not come out and favor this bill was because they were afraid of the women. Here some nigger remarked, God made us. The saffron colored speaker replied, God made the white people too, but the devil had a hand in the work. We say to Congress that we want this bill passed at once, and will have it.

The next speaker was another student named George S. Smith.

Smith said that like Carter, he was at School when he heard of the meeting, and could not refrain from coming out. He thought that white men were afraid of social equality, and therefore opposed the civil rights bill. (A great part of this speech was too disgusting for publication.) The speaker advocated the negroes taking possession of the public schools, and thought that any darkey who would not shed his blood to procure his children their rights does not deserve the name of man. A white man could kill a negro, and no more was thought of it than if he had shot a dog; but if a negro stole a white man's watch, or scratched him, he was either hung or went to Grant, Alexander & Co. He frequently alluded to the whites as the "devil's angels," and wanted the negroes to swear that they would have "rights of men," or would die contending for them.

A negro named Morgan moved that a committee of five be appointed to memorialize Congress with reference to the bill, and advocate its immediate passage. This motion was carried and the committee appointed.

Then there was another speech from the irrepressible Wimbush and the meeting adjourned.

We have omitted several sets of resolutions which were introduced and carried, as they simply consisted of a denunciation of Mr. A. H. Stephens for his recent speech, and of the Legislature for their action upon this bill.

The speeches of the two negro students, Carter and Smith were the most incendiary we have ever heard at a negro meeting, and would indicate that they were being taught a good deal that does not strictly belong to a collegiate course.

THE COURTS.

The Justices Courts.

Justice Munday disposed of four criminal cases yesterday, but they were all so trivial as to scarcely deserve any extended notice.

Henry Brown, colored, was arraigned at the instance of Mr. T. A. Chastain, for stealing a can of beans from him on the 24th instant. The warrant was dismissed at the Prosecutor's cost.

A warrant sued out by Robert Beasley against J. B. Smith, colored, for stealing $1 65 in money, was dismissed by the prosecutor.

The same disposition was made of a warrant against Orange Davis, colored, for assault and battery upon James Whitfield.

The last case that came before the Court was a warrant for bastardy sworn out against Edick Wade by Sallie Jackson. These parties, however, effected a kind of compromise, and the warrant was withdrawn. The other Courts had no criminal business at all during the day.

Station House Report.

News here is unusually dull. We have only four arrests to chronicle, and they are for drunkenness and quarreling.

PERSONAL.—Hon George T Jackson, President of the Port Royal Railroad, is at the Kimball House.

Col James Gardner, of Augusta, is at the Kimball House.

Hon R Toombs, of Washington; P. Phinizy, of Athens, and Hon S H Bigham, of Lexington, are at the Kimball House.

Col Joel A Billups, of Madison, and Peter W Patillo, of Union Point, are at the National Hotel.

Rev. R. H. Hinton preached Sunday night at Stone Church from the text "Behold the Lamb of God which taketh away the sin of the world." He has a new and uplifting power in his discourses. He says Faith is the remedy of an unregenerate soul, and not the accomplishing of the law. The purpose is worthy of general dissemination and we hope to see it published.

HOW IT IS DONE.—Sunday on the sly and neither article was offered for sale. Monday the same proposition was made by a Georgia newspaper, and it is throwing dollars. Quite a number of new subscribers came in yesterday.

FOR RENT.—An elegant front room, with grate, situated on walk from the passenger depot on Hunter street, is for rent.

DISSOLUTION.
ATLANTA, GA., January 19, 1874.
THE firm of Chapman, Rucker & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Either partner is authorized to sign the firm name in liquidation or settlement of the business of the firm.
W. W. CHAPMAN,
J. W. RUCKER.
jan14—d1w WILLIAM LOWE.

WANTED.
TWO OR THREE GOOD
BOOT-MAKERS WANTED.
M. FLYNN,
jan8-tf No. 4 Loyd Street.

FOR RENT.
THE Store House formerly occupied by West & Edwards, on Peachtree street—basement, first and second floors.
For terms, apply to
HOWELL & CO.,
dec21—dtf Peachtree street.

CUMMING AND DULUTH
HACK LINE
J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connecting with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 9 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel in Cumming at 1 o'clock, to dinner.
Careful drivers. Terms moderate.
sept1—dtf

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.—F. M. Cozier, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.
Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates.
july4-dly

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
OFFICE SECRETARY,
ATLANTA, GA., January 6, 1874.
THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING of the Lessees and Stockholders of the Western & Atlantic Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company in this city on
Thursday, 5th February, 1874.
W. C. MORRILL,
jan4—1saw4w Secretary.

Madame Montago.
THE Celebrated European Clairvoyant, has arrived in this city, and will raise the Veil and exhibit to Mortal Eyes, all mysteries of the Past, Present and Future. The Madame uses her influence upon friends Thousands of Miles Abroad. Also, tells fortunes by cards, and gives luck to all that calls on her.
Spiritual communication for ladies specially from 4 to 5. One dollar admittance.
TERMS:
Consultation $1. Clairvoyant Business Test, etc. $5
No. 43½ Whitehall street.
jan21—deod1m

HILLIARD & HARRISON,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
ATLANTA, GA.,
WILL practice in the Supreme Court of Georgia.
H. W. Hilliard, No. 2, Grant's Building, corner of Marietta and Broad streets.
Z. D. Harrison, No 33, Capital Building.
Mr. Harrison will represent Mr. Hilliard, when absent, in business not before the Supreme Court.
Mr. Hilliard will also give attention to claims against the United States Government.
jan14-tf

KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA,
BY FLETCHER & FREYER.
THIS first-class house has elegant fare and fine rooms. Marietta is a favorite summer resort. Terms reasonable. ju.18-dtf

To the Public.
WE the undersigned having given to W. J. Albritten two notes for county rights to G. B. Clark's Patent Fence. In consequence of failure in consideration thereof, do hereby repudiate said notes and warn all persons of trading for the same. Said notes of $15 given by S. S. Simmons, and of $300 by E. T. White, J. M. Palen and I. N. Nash. Both dated 25th December, 1873. dec27 dead1m

Atlanta Select School
FOR
GIRLS.
The third session of this School will open
JANUARY 12, 1874,
AT
No. 153 Whitehall Street,
Near Trinity Church.
Each session adds to the numbers of its pupils, and it may be now regarded as an Institution of our city.
Parents who are desirous of giving their daughters careful training at a very reasonable cost, would do well to patronize this School.
For circulars address the

STEPHENS IN CONGRESS.

From the New York Evening Post.]

"Weak Truth a leaning on her crutch,
War vexed South, at her utmost need,
Thy kingly intellect shall feed."
Tennyson.

It was a striking scene:
The frail old man—so long a stranger there—
With furrowed features, and with whitened hair,
And patient-stricken mien,
Rising, upon his crutches, once again;
What he deems truth and right and wisdom to maintain.

In clarion voice, and clear—
Broken with pain and tremulous with age—
He dared once more forensic war to wage,
As when, by friend and peer,
And partisan surrounded and upheld,
Now over a strange crowd thy silvery music swelled!

A silence, such as falls
Seldom o'er that tumultuous multitude,
Chained all who heard. The gentle and the rude,
That thronged those marble halls,
Alike were swayed by the mesmeric spell
That breathed such power about the ancient oracle

The eagle stretched her wing
Once more above him as in days fly gone,
And, like a vision vanishing with dawn,
Long years of suffering
Passed with the shadows. To the bright new day
He held his dying hands and pointed out the way.

To those who after him
Shall come to fill these halls, with larger life,
Experience, won from struggle and from strife,
From war and famine grim—
But in whose bosoms smouldering still the fire
Of love of common cause bequeathed them by their sires.

Thus to the rescue came,
Swathed in the cerements of his bed of pain—
With the chivalric soul and mighty brain
And eloquence of flame,
Chatham—to ward the young and fond the right,
When our young country was first struggling into light.

Never will there forget,
Who saw the old Confederate feebly rise
With his static floating hair and pleroid eyes
So dark and deeply set—
The pall like velvet resting on his head—
The hour when seemed the past to yield its buried dead.

Mind over matter then
Asserted that supremacy and claim
Which, like an arrow, certain of its aim
Cleaves to the hearts of men,
And beyond spoken word or written scroll,
Flashes conviction that the clay but clogs the immortal soul.

CATHERINE A. WARFIELD.
Beechmoor, December 20, 1873.

Reading Notices.

CHAPPED hands, face, rough skin, pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous diseases cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using Juniper Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Be certain to get the *Juniper Tar* Soap, as there are many imitations made with common tar which are worthless. jan8–d4w

CURES, AS IF BY MAGIC,
Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Pleurisy, Pain and Soreness In Breast, Difficulty of Breathing, And will Positively Cure

CONSUMPTION.

Majestic in conscious power, this Imperial Remedy sweeps as relentless doom, upon the enemies of the Throat and Lungs.

Heaven born it is, while omnipotent to relieve, simple and harmless. Delicious to take. The Earthly Savior to all afflicted with any disease of the Lungs. Be wise and use Globe Flower Syrup. Don't take any substitute. Thousands of living, grave-robbed witnesses proclaim the wonderful virtues of Globe Flower Syrup.

For sale by all first-class druggists and chemists.

Price, $1 per bottle.

DR. J. S. PEMBERTON, Proprietor,
Atlanta, Georgia.
nov23—mar30—jan16—deod1y

THE LIVER is more frequently the seat of disease than is generally supposed, for upon its regular action depends, in a great measure, the powers of the Stomach, Bowels and Brain, and the whole nervous system. Regulate the important organ by taking SYMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, and you prevent most of the diseases that flesh is heir to. decw&wlt

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct3—d1y New York.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—These pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although they entirely supersed the use of mercury, do not leave any of it injurious effects. They act directly upon the liver, and are a valuable remedy in all cases of derangement resulting from a disordered state of that organ, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid Fevers, etc., etc., all succumb to the free use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

J. H SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets,
Philadelphia
may5— dec25–deodly

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the 'courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, druggist, Atlanta, Ga; $1 50 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.

TUSKEGEE, ALA.

MR. L. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,

HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates; but I consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.

J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by all the druggists in Atlanta.
mar30-eodly

SCHEDULE.

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway.

DAILY PASSENGER.

	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Atlanta	P. M. 6:00	P. M. 12:04
Charlotte	P. M. 8:45	P. M. 5:06
North Carolina Railroad Junction	P. M. 9:39	P. M. 8:15

Accommodation Passenger.

	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Atlanta	A. M. 8:34	A. M. 11:45
Charlotte	A. M. 8:15	P. M. 7:27
North Carolina Railroad Junction	A. M. 7:16	A. M. 7:45

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO trade for three promissory notes dated November 15, 1873, signed by me, and payable to William H. Patterson, Jr., or bearer, each for $666 66, 6 and 9 months after. I will not pay said notes, the consideration for which they were given having failed.

E. A. CHAPPELEAR
Atlanta, Jan. 19, 1874. jan20-d*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$78 A WEEK TO AGENTS.—Fastest selling articles out. Three valuable samples for ten cents. J. BRIDE, 707 Broadway, New York.

Rupture Trusses SHELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSSES Safer, Comfort and Cure for Hernia or Rupture. Fine steel Spring coated with hard rubber, highly polished. Free from all sour, rusty, chafing, strapping or grinding movements. Cool, cleanly, light, safe and durable. Disinfected by bathing. Always reliable. Every desirable pattern, including the New Hard Rubber Elastic Night Truss. Sent by Mail or Express. Sold by all Dealers. Send for Illustrated Catalogues. Establishment 1287 Chesnut street, Phila., and 727 Broadway New York. Beware of japanned imitations.

For COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES, Use WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS, PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES. A Tried and Sure Remedy. Sold by Druggists.

$2500 A YEAR made with our splendid COMBINATION PROSPECTUS. It represents Sample pages and style of Binding of 500 intensely Interesting and useful Books that SELL in every family. Best thing ever tried by canvassers. AGENTS WANTED to make a PERMANENT BUSINESS on these works Send $1 50 for prospectus, the only outfit needed, choose territory and commence at once. For illustrated Circulars and Liberal terms, address JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Publishers, Phila., Penna.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA
FACTS SWORN TO

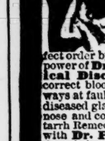
DR. J. F. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, perfected Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871. F. A. OSBOURN, *Notary Public, Phila.*

We Clergymen were cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Phila., &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila., for expla natory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by druggists.

THE HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES OF EUROPE say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA.

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen. Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. RELLOGG, 18 Platt st., N. Y.



Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures by its mild, soothing and healing properties, to which the disease yields, when Remedy is used warm and system put in perfect order by the wonderful alterative power of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, taken earnestly, to correct blood and system, which are always at fault, also to act specifically upon diseased glands and lining membrane of nose and communicating chambers. Catarrh Remedy should be applied warm, with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, the only instrument with which fluid medicine can be *perfectly* applied to all parts of passages and chambers in which ulcers exist and from which discharge proceeds. So successful has this treatment proven, that the proprietor offers $500 Reward for a case of "*Cold in Head*" or *Catarrh* he can not cure. The two medicines with instrument $2, by all druggists.

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

THE ONLY KNOWN MEDICINE,
THAT AT THE SAME TIME
PURGES, PURIFIES AND STRENGTHENS THE SYSTEM.

Dr. Tutt's Pills are composed of many ingredients. Prominent among them are Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry, so united as to act together; the one through its admixture with other substances, acting and purging; while the other is strengthening the system. Thus these Pills are at the same time a tonic and a cathartic, a desideratum long sought for by medical men, but never before discovered. In other words, they do the work of two medicines and do it much better than any two we know of for they remove nothing from the system but impurities so that while they purge they also strengthen, and hence they cause no debility and are followed by no reaction.

Dr. Tutt's Pills have a wonderful influence on the blood. They not only purify without weakening it, but they remove all noxious particles from the chyle before it is converted into fluid, and thus makes impure blood an utter impossibility. As there is no debilitation, so there is no nausea or sickness attending the operation of this most excellent medicine, which never strains or tortures the digestive organs, but causes them to work in a perfectly natural manner; hence persons taking them do not become pale and emaciated, but on the contrary, while all impurities are being removed, the combined action of the Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry purifies and invigorates the body, and a robust state of health is the result of their united action. Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists. Depot 48 Courtland street, New York. an8-deod4w&w4t

The Great Southern PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.
—OR—
CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

Fare as low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships, From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
an24-d1f

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 28TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal	3 16 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	3 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5 35 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	3 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11 35 P M
Arrive at Charleston at	5 00 A M
Arrive at Savannah at	12 30 P M

Up Night Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	10
Leave Charleston at	6
Leave Savannah at	9 30 P M
Arrive at Augusta	6 00 A M

Passengers leaving Atlanta by the 6 00 P M train on the Georgia Railroad, arrive at Augusta in time to make close connection with down night passenger train on this road for Port Royal and Savannah.

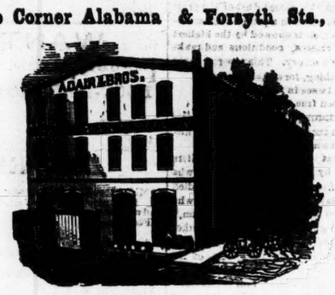
JAS. D. MOORE,
July1-d1f Engineer and Superintendent.

ADAIR & BROS.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wholesale Dealers in Grain, Hay, Flour, Provisions, Feathers, etc.

Next Door to Corner Alabama & Forsyth Sts., Atlanta, Ga.



2,000 TONS SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.
1,000 TONS PATAPSCO GUANO.
1,000 TONS CHESAPEAKE GUANO.
1,000 TONS ZELL'S BONE SUPERPHOSPHATE.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING THE ABOVE STANDARD GUANOS THAT ARE TOO WELL KNOWN in Georgia to need any commendation from us, we have the exclusive agencies in Middle and Northern Georgia for these Guanos, and are now prepared to offer to the planter upon reasonable terms. Will give the option, on part of them, to pay cotton at 15c. per lb. Respectfully,
ADAIR & BROS.
jan24-d1f

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Route

TO AND FROM NEW YORK,
VIA
Savannah, Ga.

THE FIRST CLASS SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS OF THIS LINE SAIL FROM SAVANNAH AND New York, in connection with the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, make as quick time and have superior accommodations for passengers to any steamer on the Southern Coast.

ROUGH FREIGHT carried at as low rates as any other route. ALL CLAIMS for loss, damage, or detention, settled promptly.

Passage from Atlanta to New York - - - - $27 50
Meals and State Rooms Included.

EXCURSION TICKETS.

To New York and Return, Good until 1st Oct. - $45 00.
Meals and Staterooms Included.

Stopovers allowed at Charleston on Round Trip Tickets.

Stopovers allowed at Savannah on Round Trip Tickets.

Through Tickets to Boston and Philadelphia.

Through Tickets to Baltimore and Washington.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

Stopovers allowed at Charleston on Round Trip Tickets.

Stopovers allowed at Savannah on Round Trip Tickets.

Through Tickets to Boston and Philadelphia.

Through Tickets to Baltimore and Washington.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

Buy Your Tickets via Wilmington, and be Sure They Read that Way.

And be assured you will make close connections—this being the most certain and reliable route.

Remember that this is the Only Route that Gives the Bay Line Connection.

For Time Schedules, Price Lists, and all information, apply to the following named agents of the line
C. L. TROWBRIDGE, Southern Passenger Agent,
H. M. COTTINGHAM, General Western Agent, Atlanta.
F. W. CLARK, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
A. POPE, G. F. & T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
may3-d6m

Atlantic Coast Line Passenger Route

REORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1873.

DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION
—VIA—
AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND,
AND AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA
Augusta, Wilmington and Portsmouth,
—AND THE—
MAGNIFICENT BAY LINE STEAMERS,
CLOSE CONNECTION, WITH WHICH, IS MADE AT PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA

The equipment of the Roads of this is First-Class;

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Are Upon All Night Trains.

DOUBLE Daily Schedules are operated upon entire route, from New Orleans and all terminal points in Alabama and Georgia. Atlanta, passengers connect with the 6:50 P. M. By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the connections via Richmond, or the route up Chesapeake Bay, having, in the latter case,

But One Night Railway Travel

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND WILMINGTON

Elegant Palace Day and Sleeping Cars run through without change from Weldon to Baltimore.

Through Tickets to all prominent points on sale by both routes at all terminal points South. Also, full line of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to Attractive Summer Resorts.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

Buy Your Tickets via Wilmington, and be Sure They Read that Way.

And be assured you will make close connections—this being the most certain and reliable route.

Remember that this is the Only Route that Gives the Bay Line Connection.

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A. POPE, G. F. & T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
may3-d6m

CHATTANOOGA FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS

—:o:—
WEBSTER & MARKS.
—:o:—
The Largest & Best Appointed Shops South of the Ohio
—:o:—

DAILY CAPACITY OF FOUNDRY, 15 TON. MANUFACTURERS OF STATIONARY AND PORTABLE Engines, Narrow Guage Locomotives, Upright and Horizontal Blowing Engines of the most approved construction, with the entire equipment of Blast Furnaces, Mining Machinery, Cornish Mining Pumps, Mill Machinery for Steam and Water, and Castings for railroads

Agents for Earl's steam Pumps. Brooks' Cotton Presses.

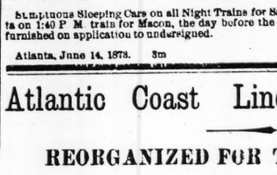
A SPECIALTY MADE OF

Heavy Castings, Architectural Iron Works, and all Castings for Gas and Water Works.

We would particularly call the attention of capitalists, intending to erect furnaces, as we are prepared to make proposals for entire equipment of same at Eastern rates.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Jan



WE are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Our Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have every thing usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have TESTED and KNOW to be suited to the Southern climate. We are DETERMINED to make good stock and sell at REASONABLE prices. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List. Address P. O. Box, 288 Atlanta, Georgia. IRWIN & THURMOND.
july6-dec7—d1

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER of Griffin.

HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,
Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.
—:o:—
EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.
Good Shed Lots for Drovers.
All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.
Near the Passenger Depot,
Griffin, Georgia.
jan15-d1f

THE YANCY HOTEL,

BY MISS E. C. YANCY, LATE OF VIRGINIA

WOULD respectfully inform her numerous patrons of the Peninsula Hotel, that she has recently leased the Yancy Hotel in Newnan, Georgia, for a term of years, as the climate will benefit her health. She would be pleased to see her old friends and the public generally. She assures them that nothing will be left undone to make guests comfortable.

Terms $2 per day. Free 'bus to and from depot.
jan9-d1f MRS. E. C. YANCY.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm heretofore existing between H. C. Pope, as general, and Moore & Armor, as special partners, expired on January 1, of this year by limitation. The business of the firm will be settled by Mr. J. N. Armor, who will pay all claims against, and also collect all notes and accounts due the late firm.
H. C. POPE,
jan16—d1w MOORE & ARMOR.

FARM WAGONS.

WHITE WATER, STUDEBAKER, TENNESSEE, and the celebrated WOODRUFF WAGON
At
WOODRUFF & JOHNSON'S.
jan10-1m

To Printers.

WE WILL SELL A COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR country printing office at very low figures. A good outfit for a job office, also, included.
W. A. HEMPHILL & CO
oct15-tf

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

BUILDING LOT ON DECATUR ST.

I WILL sell on the premises on the corner of Decatur and Loyd streets, on Saturday morning, the 8th instant, at ten o'clock, a Splendid Building Lot, 25 by 109, to 20 feet alley, No. 18 of Park property, and next lot west from the corner, adjoining General Gordon's and Colonel Bleckley's lot. Sold without reserve. Terms cash. G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate Agent, No. 1 Kimball House.
jan16—d1f

M. V. Safety Steam Power Co.,

80 GENTLEMEN ST.,

Engineer Steam Boilers and Machinery, by special machinery and tools, and by skilled workmen, we are prepared to make Steam Boilers, Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Cotton Gins, Presses, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Gearing, Iron Buildings, Roofing, Smoke Stacks, Tanks, Sheet Iron Work, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings, Machine Work, Repairing, &c. Estimates furnished on application. Orders solicited.

[illegible]

1874.

AT MARK W. JOHNSON'S

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

GARDEN SEEDS.

LANDRETH'S NEW ORIGINAL GARDEN SEEDS just arrived in immense supply at wholesale and retail, for Cash only.

POTATOES.

50 barrels Early Rose, Early Goodrich, White Peach Blow and Peerless Potatoes, for early planting.

PLOWS.

500 Stark's Dixie, Nashville Dixie, Brinley's Celebrated Cast and Steel, and Avryl Plows.

FARM WAGONS.

20 Studebaker Wagons.

FERTILIZERS.

My stock of Fertilizers is now arriving, and I invite the attention of the planting community to the same, and will be pleased to have early orders as the supply of these well-tried and Choice Brands is limited.

500 tons Edwan Dissolved Bone for composting.
500 tons Etiwan Guano.
500 tons English Stonewall Guano, direct importation.
500 tons Sea Fowl Guano.
500 tons Russell Coe's Ammoniated Superphosphate.
500 tons John Merryman & Co.'s Ammoniated Dissolved Bones.
500 tons Wilson's Superphosphate.
500 tons Sternfel's Original Superphosphate.
500 tons Dugdale's Cotton States Superphosphate.
250 tons E Frank Coe's Phosphate.
250 tons Reynolds & Son's Crescendo Superphosphate.
500 tons Nova Scotia Land Plaster.
100 tons Virginia Land Plaster.
500 tons Flour of Raw Bone.
25 tons Sulphate of Ammonia.
25 tons Nitrate of Soda.
25 tons Muriate of Potash.
50 tons Kainit.
100 tons Holt's Home Made Fertilizer.

10,000 bushels Clover, Orchard Grass, Blue, Herd's, Timothy and other Seeds. Seed Oats, etc. Send for circulars. Cash customers shall have prompt attention.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
jan8-d&wtf Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,

RANGES, FURNACES, GRATES SLATE AND IRON MANTLES.

TIN WARE AND TINNERS' TRIMMINGS,

STEAM AND GAS PIPES, Steam Whistles, Gauges Oil Cups, Valves, Lift and Force Pumps, Rubber Hose; Tin Plate Sheet Iron Copper Lead, and Lead Pipes Plumbers' Brass Goods—Washstands, Water Closets, Wash Bains, Marble Slabs, Gas Fixtures—Chandeliers, Pendant's Brackets, etc. Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, Copper Smiths, Tin Roofing in all its Branches. Galvanized Iron Worker. Cornish Brackets—all descriptions made to order. Agents for "Knowls' Steam Pump."

Manufactures of CONCREATE SEWER AND DRAIN PIPE, all sizes up to 30 inches.

Buy only Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's celebrated COLUMBIA COOK STOVES.
All Work Guaranteed.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
nov2-d3m Marietta Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

W. & P. E. TAYLOR,

Macon, Georgia,

DEALERS IN FURNITURE

OF ALL GRADES, FROM THE VERY BEST MANUFACTURERS.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Etc.,

AT THE LOWEST FIGURES FOR CASH.

METALLIC AND WOOD BURIAL CASES,

be arranted to give satisfaction. aug21—d1f

NO COMPETITION PERMITTED

1854 G. W. JACK, 1873

STEAM

Candy and Cracker

MANUFACTORY.

THE CHEAPEST AND MOST COMPLETE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND IN THE SOUTH.

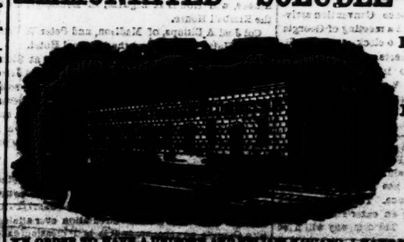
CANNED VEGETABLES.

CANNED OYSTERS, POTTED MEATS, CANNED FRUITS, BASKETS, TOYS, TRUNKS, CRACKERS, CANDIES, IN ANY QUANTITY

Western and Northern Orders Duplicated. sept26-d

LEYDEN'S

AMMONIATED SOLUBLE GUANO,



MANUFACTURED
—BY—
MESSRS.
WALTON,
WHANN,
& CO.

I BEGS TO HAVE A HISTORY AND RECORD OF GUANO, I HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH [illegible] to be sold under my name, and will guarantee it to be equal to any Guano sold in the above States. It will be sold [illegible] or by the ton, at the lowest prices. Orders left at my warehouse on Hunter street, or office on Alabama St will receive prompt attention.

W. M. WILLIAMS.

Responsible, active local agents wanted. A. LEYDEN.
Ware House and Office Hunter Street.

Grand Lottery of Real Estate

THE GEORGIA
Real Estate and Immigration Company
OFFER THE PUBLIC THE FOLLOWING SCHEME:

$126,000 REAL ESTATE IN GEORGIA

640 PRIZES!

WHOLE TICKETS ONLY SOLD.

CAPITAL PRIZE, - - $25,000.

TICKETS $10 EACH.

Legalized by *State authority, and Drawn in public in Augusta, Georgia. Class A to be drawn* April, 1874. 640 *Prizes, amounting in the aggregate to* $126,000.

1st and Capital Prize—An Improved Lot in the city of Atlanta, situated at the corner of Loyd and Wall streets, within 60 feet of the Union Passenger Depot, 25 feet front and running back 110 feet, to 10 feet alley—a new and elegantly constructed four-story building thereon, basement, store rooms and sleeping apartments—can be rented for $3,000 00 per annum, valued at..... $7,000 00

2ND PRIZE—A City Lot on west side of Spring street, between Cain and Harris streets, in Atlanta, fronting 100 feet, and running back 200 feet, to an alley, whereon there is erected a new and elegantly built dwelling house, containing eleven commodious rooms, inside bath rooms, store rooms, water closet, fuel rooms, etc., with water works attached, hot and cold water pipes, and all necessary out buildings. One of the most desirable city residences in the South, valued at..... 4,500 00

3RD PRIZE—A Farm in the famed Cedar Valley, Polk county, Georgia, two and a half miles from Cedartown, containing 320 acres—half cleared, balance well timbered—excellent running water, comfortable buildings, etc., valued at..... 3,000 00

4TH PRIZE—A Farm in Nacoochee Valley, White county, Georgia, of 250 acres, well improved and in a high state of cultivation, good dwelling, new and necessary out-houses, etc., joining the new and magnificent possessions of Capt. James E. Nichols, valued at..... 2,500 00

5TH PRIZE—A Farm of 800 acres, situate twenty miles west of Macon, in Crawford county, Georgia, in the fork of Big and Little Sohoonana Creeks—half cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance heavily timbered, with oak, hickory and beech—good dwelling, out houses, etc., capital gin and cotton press valued at..... 2,000 00

6TH PRIZE—A Tract of Land of 25 acres, situate in Richmond county, Georgia, one-half mile from the corporate limits of Augusta, Georgia, with all the improvements thereon, consisting of an elegant frame dwelling with all the necessary out buildings, in good order, etc., valued at..... 1,500 00

7TH PRIZE—A recently improved City Lot in Marietta, Georgia, containing about two acres, with a ten room dwelling house thereon, in good repair, kitchen, servant's house, dairy house, stables, etc., within 300 yards of the Railroad Depot, valued at..... 1,000 00

One Prize of	7,000 00	Six Prizes, each	1,000 00
One Prize of	4,500 00	Six Prizes, each	900 00
One Prize of	3,000 00	Six Prizes, each	600 00
Three Prizes, each	2,500 00	Six Prizes, each	500 00
Two Prizes, each	2,000 00	Six Prizes, each	400 00
One Prize of	1,500 00	Six Hundred approximation prizes	300 00
640 Prizes, amounting in the aggregate to			126,000 00

MODE OF DRAWING.

There will be upon the stage two glass wheels the contents of which can be seen by all the spectators. A committee of two citizens, in no way connected with the management and of undoubted character, having first counted and examined, will place in the larger wheel 12,600 tickets each numbered and having printed numbers from one to 12,600 corresponding to all the tickets sold. A similar committee, having first counted and examined will place in tubes precisely alike the prizes, which will be placed in the smaller wheel. Both wheels will then be turned until their contents are thoroughly mixed, when a boy under fifteen years of age, blindfolded, will then draw from the larger wheel one of the tickets, and in handing it up in full view of the spectators and auditors in number will be called by the crier appointed for this purpose, so that all present may hear. The number will then be recorded by a registrar, who will file it, and record it upon a book prepared for that purpose. A boy or girl will then draw from the smaller wheel one of the tubes containing a prize, which will be opened and the number called by the crier, and compared with the list of prizes, and announced to the spectators and auditors. The value of the real estate prize will then be cried, and the number recorded by the registrar. The ticket drawn will belong to the ticket bearing the number drawn immediately before it. Thus the drawing will continue, drawing first from the large wheel containing the tickets, and then from the small wheel, until all the tubes containing the prizes are drawn. An accurate record of the above will be kept and certified to by the committee of disinterested citizens conducting.

The Prizes below $300 in value are approximations, and will be determined and paid as follows: The numbers of all the Tickets sold being considered in a circle, numerically formed, and having the highest number, 12,600, and the lowest, 1, brought together, then whatever number in the circle may be determined to be entitled to the Capital Prize of $25,000 will be taken as a center, on each side of which the next 300 numbers in numerical order will be counted for the $10 Prizes, thus making on the number drawn as the Capital the 600 nearest numbers, each of which will be entitled to a Real Estate Prize of $10. Tickets drawing larger Prizes will be excluded, and the circle extended to include 600 on both sides of the Capital, being 300 on each side, it being the purpose of the management not to duplicate Prizes.

MONEY—All money received from sale of Tickets will be deposited in Bank in readiness on mail for remittances.

TRANSFER OF TITLES.—Within ten days after the drawing, parties putting Real Estate on the scheme under this Scheme, are required to make good, valid and unencumbered titles thereto to the Georgia Real Estate and Immigration Company—said Company obligating themselves to transfer such title to the party or parties who may draw such Prize of Real Estate.

Tickets can be had on application, personally or by letter, to authorized agents, the managers of the Company.

JAMES GARDNER,
President Georgia Real Estate and Immigration Company,
Atlanta or Augusta, Georgia.

CORPORATORS.	MANAGERS.
Hon. WILLIAM SCHLEY, Savannah, Georgia.	A. M. WALLACE, Atlanta, Georgia.
ROBERT SCHLEY, Esq., Augusta, Georgia.	H. L. WILKINS, Atlanta, Georgia.
Col. JAMES GARDNER, Augusta, Georgia.	J. D. WADDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.

Parties desiring to dispose of their Real Estate through the Georgia Real Estate and Immigration Company in their next Grand Lottery, to be drawn on July 1st, 1874, can do so by addressing
JAMES GARDNER,
President Ga. R. E. & I. Co., Atlanta or Augusta, Georgia.

AGENTS wanted in every county. jan3—d1f

IRON WAREHOUSE

OF THE

Scofield Rolling Mill Company

Atlanta, Georgia.

NO. 28 PEACHTREE STREET

Bar Iron of all kinds, warranted equal to any made, wholesale and retail at the

Call and examine the stock and get a Price List

—d&wtf

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

VIA

CHARLESTON, S. C

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

THREE TIMES A WEEK FROM NEW YORK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS.

Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston.

The South Carolina Railroad Company,

And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to Charleston invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail road and Sea Transportation to Freight and Passengers not excelled in quality or capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line:

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN.....M. S. Woodhull, Commander
CHAMPION.....R. W. Lockwood, Commander
CHARLESTON.....James Berry, Commander
AGNES ADGER.....T. J. Lockwood, Commander
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston.
GEORGIA.....S. Crowell, Commander
SOUTH CAROLINA.....T. J. Becket, Commander
WAGNER, HUGER & CO. WM. A. COURTENAY, Agents, Charleston.

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ASHLAND.....Alex. Hunter, Commander
EQUATOR.....C. Hinckley, Commander

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Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

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SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

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STEAMSHIPS MERCEDITA and FLAG, sails every Saturday,
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston.

Rates gu